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The Monk's Wedding.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN BY S. H. ADAMS.



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THE MONK'S WEDDING

A NOVEL

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BY

Conrad Ferdinand Meyer



BOSTON
CUPPLES AND HURD

94 Boylston Street

1887

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THE MONK'S WEDDING.

It was evening in Verona. Round a spacious hearth, glowing with a fire which filled its roomy depth and centre, sat a princely group. In the centre—Lord and Master—was that Scaliger whom they called Cangrande. Of the blooming ladies on either side of him, the one nearest to the fire and half in shadow, was his wife; the other upon whom the full light shone, his relative and friend. Near them were the other members of the party, leaving the remainder of the hearth free, according to courtly custom, and with significant glances and half-suppressed laughter they were telling stories.

Into this brilliant, joyous company, a grave man entered, whose stern features and long flowing robe seemed out of another world.

“Prince, I come to warm myself at your hearth,” said the stranger, in a tone of

mingled seriousness and disdain, adding reproachfully, "The negligent servants, despite this frosty evening, have delayed, or forgotten, to light the fire in the upper guest-chamber."

"Take a seat beside me, my Dante," replied Cangrande, "but, if you would feel a genial warmth, you must not sit, as is your wont, mutely gazing at the flames. We are amusing each other with stories and the hand which has to-day forged the *Terza Rima* (for in my astrological chamber I overheard you scanning the verse,) this mighty hand, I say, must consent to grasp our diverting plaything without shivering it to pieces. Dismiss the Goddesses" — he meant the Muses — "for a while and satisfy yourself with these lovely mortals" — and with a graceful wave of the hand Cangrande directed the eyes of his guest to the two ladies. Seemingly unconscious of his presence, the taller of them had not thought of moving, whilst the younger and more sprightly one gladly made place for the Florentine beside her. Disregarding, however, the invitation of his host he proudly chose a seat at the end of the table.

Either he was displeased at finding two ladies at the side of the Prince, if only for an evening, or he was disgusted with the court-fool who, with legs stretched out before him, was sitting on Cangrande's mantle which had fallen to the ground.

[This fool, a toothless old man, with goggle eyes and soft sensual mouth, fit only for gabbling and licking sweet-meats, was beside Dante, the one elderly man in the company. He was called Gocciola, which means "little drop"—because it was his habit to secretly collect the little drops clinging to the empty glasses. He hated the Florentine with a kind of childish spite, seeing in him a rival for the, not always daintily bestowed, favor of the Prince.] He made up a face, and grinning scornfully, had the boldness to call the attention of his pretty neighbor on the left to the profile of the poet sharply outlined upon the ceiling of the lofty room. Dante's profile was like that of a gigantic woman, with long aquiline nose and drooping lips—one of the *Parcæ*—or weird sisters. The light-hearted maiden turned aside to hide a childlike laugh. A clever looking youth,

who now drew nearer and was named Ascanio, helped her to smother it by addressing Dante with that measure of reverence with which the poet liked to be approached.

"Thou who art Italy's Homer and Virgil" — he said — "I beg of thee scorn not to share in our innocent sport. Deign to entertain us tonight, not with song, but with story."

"What is your theme?" Dante asked, still harshly though somewhat less ungraciously than at first.

"Sudden change of profession, with good, bad, or laughable results," the youth replied quickly. Dante was silent for a moment; with melancholy eyes he thoughtfully surveyed the company which did not wholly displease him, for he discovered, together with many shallow brows, some that were strikingly noble and powerful. ["Has any one of you made the uncowling of a monk his theme?" he enquired, already in a milder tone.]

"Yes, Dante," answered a soldier with a slightly foreign accent, who was dressed in chain armor, had an earnest, good-natured

face, and wore a long drooping moustache. ["I have related the story of the young Manuccio who leapt over the walls of his cloister to become a soldier."

"He did right," responded Dante, "for he had deceived himself as to his calling."

A pert and somewhat voluptuous Paduan, named Tsotta, now interrupted with—"Master, I have narrated the story of Helena Manenta, who after her first curl had fallen under the consecrated shears covered the rest with both hands and slurred over her nun's vows, for among the people in the nave of the church she had caught sight of her lover who was carried off into slavery, but had been miraculously released, and was now hanging up his chains"—she was going to say—"in the church," when Dante cut short her chatter by saying, "And she also did well for she acted out the instincts of her amorous nature, but I shall tell you of a wholly different case from any that has been here mentioned. There was a monk who, not from his own instinct, nor from any longing for worldly pleasure, or power, nor because he had mistaken the bent of his capacities

or talents, but for the love of another, under the compulsion of another's will, on the ground of what may indeed be called filial piety, became false to himself; broke vows made to himself even more than to the church; flung aside the rope and cowl which had never been a trial to him, but on the contrary, had seemed a part of himself. Has this been related?] No? Good! Then I will do it; but, my patron and protector, say what must be the end of such a thing?" — and he turned to Cangrande.

* "It must necessarily be bad," he replied without hesitation — "Who voluntarily takes a leap, leaps well; — who is pushed to it leaps badly."

"Thou speakest the truth, Prince," responded Dante, "for if I understand it, the Apostle meant just this when writing to the Romans, that 'whatever is not of faith is sin,' which means acting against the truth of nature, and our highest convictions."

"Is it at all necessary that there should be monks?" whispered a voice out of a dim corner, as if to suggest that any sort of escape from an unnatural condition was a blessing.

The audacious question caused no shock, for at this court the boldest discussion of religious matters was allowed, yes, smiled upon, whilst a free or incautious word in regard to the person or policy of the Emperor was certain destruction.

Dante's eyes sought the speaker and recognized in him a young ecclesiastic whose fingers toyed with the heavy gold cross he wore over his priestly robe.

"Not on my account," said the Florentine deliberately, "May the monks die out as soon as a race is born that understands how to unite justice and mercy — the two highest attributes of the human soul — which seem now to exclude one another. Until that late hour in the world's history may the State administer the one, and the church the other. Since, however, the exercise of mercy requires a thoroughly unselfish heart, the three monastic vows are not only a proper but essential preparation ; for experience has taught that total abnegation is less difficult than a reserved and partial self-surrender."

"Are there not more bad than good monks?" persisted the doubting ecclesiastic.

"No," said Dante, "when we take into consideration human weakness; else there are more unjust than righteous judges, more cowards than brave warriors, more bad men than good."

"And is not this the case?" asked the guest in the dim corner. "No, certainly not," Dante replied, a heavenly brightness suddenly illuminating his stern features. "Is not philosophy asking and striving to to find out how evil came into this world? Had the bad formed the majority we should, on the contrary, have been asking how good came into the world."

This proud enigmatical remark impressed the party forcibly but at the same time excited some apprehension lest the Florentine was going deeper into scholasticism instead of relating his story.

Cangrande saw his pretty young friend suppress a yawn, and said "Noble Dante, are you to tell us a true story or will you embellish a legend current among the people; or can you not give us a pure invention of your own laurel-crowned head?"

Dante replied with slow emphasis, "I evolve my story from an inscription on a grave."

“On a grave!”

“Yes, from an inscription on a grave stone which I read years ago when with the Franciscans at Padua. The stone was in a corner of the cloister garden hidden under wild rose bushes, but still accessible to the novices, if they crept on all fours and did not mind scratching their cheeks with thorns. I ordered the prior, or I should say, besought him, to have the puzzling stone removed to the library, and there commended to the interest of a gray-headed custodian.

“What was on the stone?” interposed somewhat listlessly the wife of the Prince.

“The inscription,” answered Dante, “was in Latin and ran thus:—

“Hic jacet monachus Astorre cum uxore Antiope.
Sepeliebat Azzolinus.’”

“What does it mean?” eagerly cried the lady on Cangrande’s left.

The Prince fluently translated:—

! “Here sleeps the monk Astorre beside his wife Antiope. Both buried by Ezzelin.”

“Atrocious tyrant!” exclaimed the impressive maiden, “I am sure he had them buried

alive, because they were lovers, — and he insulted the poor victims, even in their graves, by styling her the ‘wife of the monk’, — cruel wretch that he was!”

“Hardly,” said Dante, “I construe it quite differently, and according to the history this seems improbable; for Ezzelin’s rigor was directed rather against breaches of ecclesiastical discipline. He interested himself little either in the making or breaking of sacred vows. I take the ‘Sepeliebat’ in a friendly sense, and believe the meaning to be that he gave the two burial.”

“Right,” exclaimed Cangrande. “Florentine, I agree with you! Ezzelin was a born ruler, and, as such men usually are, somewhat harsh and violent; but nine tenths of the crimes imputed to him are inventions — forgeries of the clergy and scandal-loving people.”

“Would it were so!” sighed Dante, “at any rate where he appears upon the stage in my romance he has not yet become the monster which the chronicle, be it true or false, pictures him to be; his cruelty is only beginning to show itself in certain lines about the mouth.”

"[A commanding figure," exclaimed Cangrande enthusiastically, desiring to bring him more palpably before the audience, "with black hair bristling round his great brow, as you paint him, in your Twelfth Canto, among the inhabitants of Hell. [But whence have you taken this dark head?"

"It is yours," replied Dante boldly, and Cangrande felt himself flattered.

"And the rest of the characters in my story," he said with smiling menace, "I will also take from among you, if you will allow me," and he turned toward his listeners, "I borrow your names only, leaving untouched what is innermost; for that I cannot read.

"My outward self I lend you gladly," responded the Princess, whose indifference was beginning to yield.

A murmur of intense excitement now ran through the courtly circle, and "Thy story, Dante, thy story!" was heard on all sides.

"Here it is," he said, and began:—

"Where in a slender bow the course of the Brenta nears the city of Padua without

touching it, there once glided over its swift but quiet waters, to the soft sound of flutes, a barque adorned with wreaths, and over-laden with a gay band in festal array. [It was bearing homeward, on a lovely summer afternoon, the bride of Umberto Vicedomini.] The Paduan had sought his betrothed in a cloister situated on the upper course of the river, to which, according to an old city custom, maidens of rank retired before their nuptials for pious exercises. The lady was sitting on a purple cushion in the middle of the barque between her bridegroom and his three beautiful boys. Umberto Vicedomini had lost the wife of his youth five years before when the pest raged in Padua, and, although, still in the vigor of manhood, had but reluctantly consented to a second union to gratify his sick and aged father, who daily urged it upon him.

With suspended oars the barque quietly floated onward at the will of the stream, the boatmen in an undertone accompanying the soft music with song. [Suddenly there came a pause. All eyes were directed to the right bank of the river where a tall rider was

reining in his steed;] with a majestic wave of the hand, he saluted the company in the boat. A thrill of dismay passed from one to the other up and down the rows of seats, the oarsmen snatched the red caps from their heads, and [the entire party including Diana, her bridegroom, and the boys, rose to do reverence to Ezzelin, the ruler.] With uplifted arms quickly throwing themselves into all possible attitudes of humility and subservience [they turned toward the strand with such violence that the boat lost its balance, swayed for an instant to the right and capsized. A shriek of terror, a whirlpool, then a void in the middle of the stream filled from time to time with heads suddenly emerging only to sink again, or with the floating wreaths which had adorned the unlucky barque. Help was not far distant. A little lower down on the river was a small fishing-port where horses and litters had been waiting to convey the now drowning party to their homes in Padua.

The two first boats which started to their relief approached rapidly from opposite directions. In the one, beside an old dwarf with shaggy beard, stood Ezzelin the tyrant

of Padua, and the innocent cause of this catastrophe. [In the other, and coming from the left shore, a young monk, with a boatman, who, at the moment of the accident was about to row the dusty pilgrim across the stream.] Between them on the top of the water was now seen a mass of blonde hair, which the monk, kneeling, seized with outstretched arm, while the boatman held the boat steady with all his strength on the other side. By means of a thick braid the monk at last raised a head with eyes shut fast, and assisted by Ezzelin, who was at his side, dragged a woman, in heavily dripping garments, out of the current. [The tyrant had sprung from his own boat into the other, and now contemplated the lifeless face before him, which seemed to wear an expression of both defiance and unhappiness. Ezzelin's gaze betrayed a species of satisfaction — perhaps at the repose of death, or perhaps at the grand features before him.

“Do you know her, Astorre?” he asked of the monk, and when the latter shook his head, Ezzelin continued, “See! it is the wife of your brother.”

The monk cast a shy pitiful look on the still face under which the heavy eyes slowly began to open.

"Take her to the shore," commanded Ezzelin, but the monk gave her in charge to his boatman, saying, "I must seek for my brother until I find him. I will help thee, monk, said the tyrant,' yet I doubt if it is possible to save him; I saw him as he clasped his arms tightly around his boys and with the three clinging to him sank heavily into the depths below."

Meanwhile the Brenta had become covered with boats of every description. The men were fishing with hooks, poles, angles and nets, while towering over all the workers, or bending over the burdens raised, was the tall form of the governor.

"Come, Monk," he said finally, "there is nothing more here for thee to do. Umberto and his boys have now lain too long in the depths to be brought back again to life. The current has borne him far away; it will lay them all on the shore when it is tired of them."

"But do you see the tents there — yonder?

They were pitched on the strand for the reception of the wedding guests, but are now filled with their lifeless, or apparently lifeless bodies, surrounded by mourning relatives and servants. "Go, Monk, and fulfil thy office. Comfort the living; bury the dead."

As he spoke the monk was already moving along the shore, and soon disappeared from sight. Diana — bride and widow of his brother in the midst of a crowd of friends, now came up to him — disconsolate indeed, but restored to her senses. The heavy hair still dripped, but upon quite a different garment, for a compassionate peasant woman in the tent had taken possession of the wedding robe and given in exchange her own dress. "Pious brother," said she to Astorre, "I am left behind; the litter intended for me in the confusion has been taken away to bear another to the city, either of the dead or the living. I pray you go with me to the house of my father-in-law, who is also thy father."

The young widow deceived herself. 'Twas not the panic and confusion which had led the servants of the elder Vicedomini to abandon her, but sheer cowardice and superstition.

They feared to take the widow to the passionate old man, and with her the tidings of the extinction of his house.]

The monk, seeing many of his brotherhood engaged in acts of mercy, both within and without the tents, acceded to her request. "Yes, we will go," he said, and they turned into a road leading to the city, whose domes and slender bell towers soared into the azure heavens before their gaze. The way was crowded with hundreds of people hurrying to and from the strand. The two walked on silently in the middle of the road, often separated, but always finding each other again, and had reached the workmen's quarter. There the people were standing everywhere either talking in a loud tone, or whispering in groups — for the accident had brought the whole population to their feet. With sympathetic curiosity they gazed at the pair accidentally brought together — the one having lost a brother, the other a bridegroom.

The Monk and Diana were familiarly known to every child in Padua, — Astorre, if he did not pass for a Saint, was yet reputed

a model monk; he might have been called "*The monk of Padua*," as being the one most honored and revered by its inhabitants and with reason, for he had bravely, yes, joyfully, resigned the privileges of his high rank, and the boundless possessions of his family, and exposed his life without stint, in times of the plague or other public dangers. Moreover, with his chestnut-brown curly hair, soft, beaming eyes and aristocratic bearing, he was an attractive man — such as people love to picture their saints.

Diana was, in her way, not less talked about. Her well-developed, powerful physique excited far greater admiration than more delicate charms ever do amongst the people. Her mother had been a German, a Hohenstauffen, as some asserted, though, to be sure, only by blood, not legitimately. Germany and Italy, like good sisters, shared the credit of this grand figure.

However curt and reserved Diana might have appeared to her equals she was always accessible to those beneath her. She encouraged the poor people to consult her about their business matters, gave them clear

and concise information, and kissed the raggedest of the children. She spent and gave away money without scruple or hesitation, perhaps, because her father, the old Pizziguerra, the richest Paduan, after Vicedomini, was at the same time the most vulgar miser, and Diana was ashamed of her father's vice.

The loving people in their hours of gossip at taverns and elsewhere, married her every month to some one of the distinguished Paduans, but the reality did not respond to these pious wishes. Three obstacles impeded a marriage settlement: Diana's high-arched and often frowning brows — her father's hard closed fists, and the blind attachment of her brother Germano to the tyrant whose possible destruction would involve the faithful servant, and all his family. At last Umberto Vicedomini was betrothed to her, without love, as the gossips said; — and now he lay in the Brenta!

Meanwhile the two were so absorbed in their natural grief that they neither heard nor heeded the eager talk which went on at their heels. Not that the bare fact of the monk and the lady walking together gave

any occasion for remark. It seemed quite in order since it was the monk's duty to comfort her, and since they must both go the same way; for were they not the most appropriate messengers to bear the sad tidings to the old Vicedomini?

The women had lamented that Diana should be forced to marry a man who accepted her merely as a kind of substitute for his dear departed wife, and pitied her in the same breath for having lost this man before the marriage.

[The men, on the other hand, discussed with gesticulations and violence the burning question which the drowning in the Brenta of the four heirs of the first Paduan family had opened. The wealth of the Vicedomini was proverbial — the head of the family, as shrewd as he was able and energetic, had succeeded in remaining on good footing with the tyrant, four times excommunicated, and the church, which had put him under the ban, — had refused all his life to busy himself even in the slightest degree with political matters, but had devoted a tenacious and magnificent strength of will to the one aim of increasing

the prosperity and worldly possessions of his family. Now this was annihilated. His eldest son and his grandchildren lay in the Brenta. His second and third sons had in this same unlucky year, only a few months before, vanished from the earth. The tyrant had claimed the first and left him behind on one of his wild battlefields. The other, of whom the unprejudiced father had made a merchant in Venetian style, had been crucified by pirates on a coast in the Orient, his ransom having arrived too late. His fourth was Astorre — the monk. That with his dying breath the father would attempt to free Astorre from his monastic vows, the quick-witted Paduans did not for a moment question. Whether he would succeed and the monk consent was now matter of dispute in the excited little streets.

Finally the strife became so noisy and fierce that even the grief-absorbed monk could no longer remain in doubt as to who was meant by the “egli” and “ella” which were heard on all sides. For this reason, and more for his companion’s sake than for his own, he turned into a grass-grown path his

sandals knew full well, for it led along the damp decaying walls which surrounded his cloister. Here it was cool enough to make them shiver, but the dreadful news had reached even this secluded spot. Through the open windows of the refectory, built into the thick wall, sounded the clatter of plates at the belated dinner; the catastrophe had disturbed times and hours all over the city. The conversation of the brothers at the table was so unusually loud and disputatious—so full of “inibus” and “atibus” (the monks spoke in Latin), that he knew they were discussing the same problem with the people in the streets. And though perhaps he did not quite take in the substance of their talk, still he could not help knowing of whom they talked. [But what he did discover was] —”

In the midst of his sentence Dante gave a sidelong glance at the aristocratic young priest who had concealed himself behind his neighbor.


[Two burning hollow eyes, peering at him and the woman who walked by his side. They belonged to an unfortunate creature,

a wretched monk, named Serapion, who was consuming himself body and soul in the cloister.] With his fevered imagination he had instantly conceived that the Brother Astorre would now no longer be obliged to toil and fast, denying himself according to the rule of St. Francis; but that by the humor of Death he was restored to all his worldly joys and possessions—and he envied him madly. He had been waiting for his return home that he might study his own face and read in it what the monk had resolved upon. His eyes devoured the woman and followed her steps:

Astorre with his sister-in-law finally turned into a square surrounded by four city-castles, where they entered a low door leading to the most distinguished among them. Upon a stone seat in the courtyard two persons were resting, one a fresh young German clad in armor from head to foot, the other a grey-headed Saracen. The German who was stretched out asleep had laid his blond curly head in the lap of the unbeliever, who likewise slumbering, nodded his snow-white beard in fatherly fashion over him.

The two belonged to Ezzelin's body guard, which in imitation of his father-in-law, the Emperor Frederick, was composed of an equal number of Germans and Saracens. The tyrant was in the palace. He had thought it his duty to visit the old Vice-domini. In fact Astorre and Diana now heard upon the winding stairs the few quiet words in which Ezzelin was attempting to argue with the old man, who wholly beside himself, was weeping and cursing in a loud voice. They remained standing at the entrance to the hall among the crowd of pale menials who were trembling in every limb. The old man had heaped upon them the most violent oaths, and doubling up his fist chased them all out of his room because they had brought the unlucky tidings so tardily and then hardly dared to stammer them out. Added to this they had heard the step of the terrible tyrant in the house. It was forbidden to announce Ezzelin's approach anywhere on pain of death—unhindered like a spirit he entered houses and chambers.

"And you inform me of this so coolly,



cruel man," stormed out the Vicedomini in his despair, "as you would tell the loss of a horse, or a harvest! You have murdered the four — who but you? What was the need of your riding to the strand precisely at that hour? Why should you greet them upon the Brenta? You did it to injure me. Do you hear?"

"Fate," replied Ezzelin."


"Fâtel!" yelled the old man, "fate—stargazing—conjurations and conspiracies—heads cut off—women flung from the pavement below—young men dropping from their horses, in your crazy fool-hardy battles, pierced through with a hundred arrows:—this is your age and rule, Ezzelin, you cursed damned one! You drag us all along your bloody path; all life, and even death itself, near you, is violent and unnatural. Nobody meets his end any longer as a repentant Christian in his bed."

"You do me wrong," said the tyrant, "I have nothing to do with the church, it is true;—'tis a matter of indifference to me—but I have never prevented you and yours from alliance with it; this you know, or

you would not dare to exchange letters with the Holy See. Why are you twisting that paper in your hands to conceal from me the Papal seal? An indulgence? — a letter? Give it to me! verily a letter. May I read it? Do you allow me?"

"Thy patron the Holy Father writes to thee that should thy lineage become extinct up to the fourth and last, the monk — he, *ipso facto*, would be released from his vow if with free will and of his own free choice be returned to the world.' Cunning foe! How many ounces of gold has this parchment cost you?"

"Dost thou dare to scoff at me?" howled the Vicedomini. "What remains to me but the monk, after the deaths of my second and third son? For whom have I amassed and hoarded up? For the worms? for thee? Would'st thou rob me? No? Then help me, good father." (Ezzelin, not then excommunicated, had stood godfather to the third Vicedomini boy — the same who later sacrificed himself for him upon the battlefield); "help me to persuade the monk to return to the world and take a wife — command



him to do it, thou all powerful!! Give him to me in place of the son whom thou hast slain; do this for me, if you love me."

"This is no concern of mine," answered the tyrant, without the slightest emotion. "If he is a true monk, as I believe he is, why should he change his profession? That the blood of the Vicedomini may not be exhausted? Is the life of the world then dependent on it? Are the Vicedomini a necessity?" At this the old man grew frantic with rage. "Thou wicked, cruel one — murderer of my children, I see through it. Thou — thou would'st be my heir and carry on thy mad campaigns with my money!" Just then he caught sight of his daughter-in-law, who had pressed through the crowd of servants in advance of the monk and was standing on the threshold. Spite of his physical weakness he rushed towards her staggering; seized and wrenched her hands apart, as if to make her responsible for the misfortune which had befallen them. "Where is my son, Diana?" he gasped out. "He lies in the Brenta," she answered sadly, and her blue eyes grew dim.

"Where are my three grandchildren?"


"In the Brenta," she repeated. "And you bring me yourself as a gift—you are presented to me?" And the old man laughed discordantly.

"Would that the Almighty," she said slowly, "had drawn me deeper under the waves, and that thy children stood here in my stead!" She was silent; then bursting into sudden anger, "Does my presence insult you, and am I a burden to you?" Impute the blame to him (pointing to the monk). He drew me from the water when I was already dead and restored me to life."

The old man now for the first time perceived his son, and collecting himself quickly, exhibited the powerful will which his bitter grief seemed to have steeled rather than lamed.

"Really — he drew you out of the Brenta? H'm! Strange. The ways of God are marvellous!"

He grasped the monk by the shoulder and arm at once, as if to take possession of him body and soul, and dragged him along to



his great chair, into which the old man fell without relaxing his pressure on the arm of his unresisting son. Diana followed, knelt down on the other side of the chair, and leaned her head upon the arm of it, so that only the coil of her blond hair was visible — like some inanimate object. Opposite the group sat Ezzelin, his right hand upon the rolled-up letter, like a commander-in-chief resting upon his staff.

“My son — my own one,” whimpered the dying man, with a tenderness in which truth and cunning mingled, “my last and only consolation. Thou staff and stay of my old age, thou wilt not crumble like dust under my trembling fingers. Thou must understand,” he went on, already in a colder and more practical tone, “that as things are it is not possible for thee to remain longer in the cloister.” It is also according to the canons, my son, is it not, that a monk whose father is sick unto death, or impoverished, should withdraw in order to nurse the author of his days, or to till his father’s acres? But I need thee even more pressingly; thy brothers and nephews are gone, and now thou must

keep the life-torch of our house burning. Thou art a little flame I have kindled, and I cannot suffer it to glimmer and die out in a narrow cell. Know one thing ;” — he had read in the warm brown eyes a genuine sympathy, and the reverent bearing of the monk appeared to promise blind obedience. “I am more ill than you suppose, am I not, Issacher ?” He turned to look a spare little man in the face, who, with phial and spoon in his hands, had stepped behind the chair of the old Vicedomini, and now bowed his white head in affirmation : — [“I travel toward the river ; but I tell thee, Astorre, if my wish is not granted, thy father will refuse to step into Charon’s boat, and will sit cowering on the twilight strand.”]

The monk stroked the feverish hand of the old man with tenderness, but answered quietly in two words — “My vows !”

Ezzelin unfolded the letter. “Thy vows,” said the old man in a wheedling tone — “loosened strings ; filed-away chains. Make a movement and they fall. The Holy Church, to which thy obedience is due, has declared them null and void, There it stands written,”

and his thin finger pointed to the parchment with the Pope's seal.

The monk approached the governor, took the letter from him respectfully, and read it through, closely watched the while by four eyes. Completely dazed, he took one step backward, as if he were standing on the top of a tower and all at once saw the rampart give way.

Ezzelin seized the reeling man by the arm with the curt question, "To whom did you make your vows, monk, — to yourself or to the church?"

"To both, of course," shrieked the old man angrily; "these are cursed subtleties. Take care, son, or he will reduce us, Vicedomini, to beggary."

Without a trace of feeling or resentment, Ezzelin laid his right hand on his beard and swore — "If Vicedomini dies, the monk here inherits his property, and should the family become extinct with him if he love me and his native city, he shall found a hospital of such size and grandeur that the hundred cities (he meant the Italian) will envy us. Now, godfather, having cleared myself from

the charge of rapacity, may I put to the monk a few questions? — have I your permission?”

The fury of the old man now rose to such a pitch as to bring on a fit of convulsions, but even then he did not release the arm of the monk.

Issacher put carefully to the pale lips a spoon filled with some strong smelling essence. The sufferer turned his head away with an effort. “Leave me in peace,” he groaned; “you are the governor’s physician as well,” and closed his eyes again.

The Jew looked at the tyrant as if to beg forgiveness for this suspicion. “Will he return to life?” asked Ezzelin. “I think so,” replied the Jew, “but not for long; I fear he will not live to see the sun go down.”

The tyrant took advantage of the moment to speak to the monk who was exerting himself to the utmost to restore his father.

“Answer me, Astorre,” he began, while he buried the outspread fingers of his right hand, a favorite gesture, in his beard — “how much have the three vows cost you which you took some ten years ago; for I

take it you are now about thirty? The monk bowed assent, then raised his frank clear eyes and said without hesitation: "The two first, poverty and obedience, nothing — I had no desire for possessions, and it is easy for me to obey." He paused and blushed.

The tyrant was pleased with this simple manliness. "Did your father compel or persuade you to choose this profession?" "No," he replied; "for three or four generations, as the family history records, the last son of our house has been a priest or monk, perhaps because we needed an intercessor in Heaven, — or it may have been considered one way to preserve our power on earth; — whatever the reason, it was a time-honored custom. I knew my destiny from childhood, and it was not repugnant to me. No restraint was exercised over me."

"And how about that third?" He meant the third vow; Astorre understood him.

Again blushing, but this time faintly, he replied "It was not easy for me, still I conquered, like other monks who have good advisers, and such I had in St. Antonius," he added reverently.

"This meritorious saint, as you know, my Lords, lived for some years in the Franciscan cloisters at Padua," explained Dante. "Why shouldn't we know," jokingly retorted one of his hearers; "haven't we all paid our respects to the relic swimming about in the cloister pond yonder? I mean the pike, which once heard a sermon of the saints, was converted, renounced animal food, kept henceforth to the strait and narrow path, and at an advanced age remained a strict vegetarian." He choked down the end of his nonsense, for Dante frowned upon him and continued.

"What did he advise you?" asked Ezzelin. "To take up my profession in a simple straightforward way, as I would any other service, for instance, military service, which also requires obedient muscles, self-denial, and the strength to endure hardships of various kinds, although a true warrior does even feel them to be such; to till the earth in the sweat of my brow, eat moderately, fast moderately, confess neither maidens nor young women, live in the sight of God and worship His Mother not more passionately than the breviary prescribes."

The tyrant smiled, then extended his right hand toward the monk in encouragement or blessing and said, "Fortunate one, thou hast a star ; with thee, to-day follows naturally upon yesterday, and will unawares usher in the morrow. [Thou art something, and that not insignificant, for thou fulfillest the office of, charity, which I neglect, however well I may perform a different one. If you should enter the world, which has its own laws, though it is too late for you to learn them, your clear star would become a mere fire-rocket, which after a few foolish leaps, would explode, hissing into darkness, scoffed at by the heavenly powers. One thing more, and this I say, being what I am, the Lord of Padua. Thy character has elevated my people and set them an example of self-denial. The poorest was comforted by remembering he had seen thee sharing his scanty food and doing the same hard daily work. If you throw aside the cowl as an aristocrat, wed a proud lady, and draw with full hands from the wealth of your house, you will commit a robbery on the people, who had taken possession of you as one of their own; you will create discontent

and dissatisfaction, and it would not surprise me if a train of evils should follow in their wake. These things are linked together!"

"Padua, and its ruler, cannot dispense with thee, the eyes of the multitude are drawn to thee, and thou hast more, or certainly a nobler, spirit than thy low-born brethren. If the people, in mad frenzy, should threaten to murder this man," and he pointed to Issacher, "for instance, as they did in the time of the last plague, because he brought them relief, who would defend him against their insane fury until I could arrive, and command them to halt?"

"Issacher, help me to convince the monk," and Ezzelin turned to the physician with a cruel smile, "you see that even for your sake he must not be allowed to lay aside his cowl."

"Prince," whispered the Jew, "under thy sceptre this irrational scene, for which you so properly exacted a bloody penalty, will scarcely be repeated, and therefore on my account whose faith extols, as God's greatest blessing, the perpetuity of race, this illustrious Lord (he already substituted this title for that of Reverend) is no longer to remain unmarried."

Ezzelin smiled at the subtlety of the Jew. "And whither do your own thoughts tend, Monk?" he inquired. "They are unchanged and persistent, yet, God forgive me, I would that my father never woke again, that I should be forced to oppose him cruelly. If he had but received extreme unction!" He kissed passionately the cheek of the fainting man, who thereupon returned to consciousness.

Heaving a deep sigh, he raised his weary eyelids, and from under the gray bushy brows directed toward the monk a supplicating look. "How is it?" he asked, "to what hast thou doomed me, dearest — to heaven or to hell?"

"Father," prayed Astorre in a tremulous voice, "thy time has come, only a short hour remains, banish all earthly cares and interests, think of thy soul." "See, thy priests" (he meant those of the parish church), "are gathered together waiting to perform the last sacrament."

It was so! The door of the adjacent room had softly opened in which the faint glimmer of lighted candles was perceptible, whilst a

choir was intoning a prelude, and the gentle vibration of a bell became audible.

Now the old man, who already felt his knees sinking into Lethe's flood, clung to the monk, as once St. Peter to the Saviour on the Sea of Gennesareth. "Thou wilt do it for my sake?" he stammered.

"If I could; if I dared," sighed the monk. "By all that is holy, my father, think on eternity, leave the earthly. Thine hour is come!"

This veiled refusal kindled the last spark of life in the old man to a blaze. "Disobedient, ungrateful one," he cried.

Astorre beckoned to the priests. "By all the devils, spare me your kneadings and salvings," raved the dying man, "I have nothing to gain, I am already like one of the damned, and must remain so in the midst of paradise, if my son wantonly repudiates me, and destroys my germ of life."

The horror-struck monk, thrilled to the soul by this frightful blasphemy, pictured his father doomed to eternal perdition. (This was his thought and he was as firmly convinced of the truth of it as I should have been in his place). He fell down on his

knees before the old man, and in utter despair, bursting into tears, said: "Father, I beseech thee, have pity on thyself, and on me!"

"Let the crafty one go his way," whispered the tyrant.

The monk did not hear him. Again he gave the astounded priests a sign and the litany for the dying was about to begin.

At this the old man doubled himself up like a refractory child, and shook his head.

"Let the sly fox go where he must," admonished Ezzelin in a louder tone.

"Father, Father," sobbed the monk, his whole soul dissolved in pity.

"Illustrious Signor and Christian Brother," said the priest with unsteady voice, "are you in the frame of mind to meet your Creator and Saviour?" The old man took no notice.

"Are you firm as a believer in the Holy Trinity?" answer me, Signor," said the priest, and then turned pale as a sheet, for "Cursed and denied be it for ever and ever," fell from the dying man's lips. "Cursed and —"

"No more," cried the monk springing to his feet. "Father, I resign myself to thy

will. Do with me what you choose if only you will not throw yourself into the flames of Hell."

The old man gasped as after some terrible exertion; then gazed about him with an air of relief, I had almost said of pleasure. Groping, he seized the blonde hair of Diana, lifted her up from her knees, took her right hand, which she did not refuse, opened the cramped hand of the monk and laid the two together:—

"Binding, in presence of the most Holy Sacrament!" he exclaimed triumphantly, and blessed the pair. The monk did not gainsay it, while Diana closed her eyes.

"Now quick, Reverend Fathers, there is need of haste I think, and I am now in a Christian frame of mind."

The monk and his affianced bride would fain have stepped behind the train of priests. "Stay," muttered the dying man, "stay where my comforted eyes may look upon you until they close in death." Astorre and Diana were thus with clasped hands obliged to wait and watch the expiring glance of the obstinate old man.

The latter murmured a short confession, received the last sacrament and breathed his final breath, as they were anointing his feet, while the priests uttered in his already deaf ears those sublime words, "Rise, Christian Soul." The dead face bore the unmistakable expression of triumphant cunning.

The tyrant sat, whilst all around were upon their knees, and with calm attention observed the performance of the sacred office, much like a savant studying on a sarcophagus the representation of some religious rites of an ancient people. He now approached the dead man and closed his eyes.

He then turned to Diana. "Noble Lady," said he, "let us go home, your parents, even if assured of your safety, will long to see you."

"Prince, I thank you, and will follow," she answered, but she did not withdraw her hand from that of the monk, whose eyes until then she had avoided. Now she looked her betrothed full in the face, and said in a deep, but melodious voice, whilst her cheeks glowed: "My Lord and Master, we

could not let your father's soul perish ; thus have I become yours. Hold your faith to me, better than to the cloister. Your brother did not love me ; forgive me for saying it, I speak the simple truth.] You will have in me a good and obedient wife, but I have two peculiarities, which you must treat with indulgence. I am hot with anger if any attack is made on my honor or my rights, and I am most exacting in regard to the fulfilment of a promise once made. Even as a child I was so. I have few wishes, and desire nothing unreasonable, but when a thing has once been shown and promised me, I insist upon possessing it, and I lose my faith, and resent injustice more than other women, if the promise I have received is not faithfully kept. But how can I allow myself to talk in this way to you, my Lord, whom I scarcely know? I have done. Farewell, my husband, grant me nine days to mourn your brother." At this she slowly released her hand from his and disappeared with the tyrant.

Meanwhile, the band of priests had borne away the corpse to place it upon a bier in the palace chapel, and to bless it.

Astorre was once more alone, in his forfeited monk's dress, which now covered a breast filled with repentance. A host of servants who had listened, and sufficiently comprehended the strange proceeding, approached their new master shyly, and in submissive attitudes, being perplexed and intimidated, less by the change of masters than by the supposed sacrilege of the broken vow, for the reading of the papal letter had not reached their ears. But how could Astorre force himself to grieve for the loss of his father? He had recovered the strength of his own will, and the suspicion had stolen into his mind, nay, the maddening certainty had overwhelmed him that the dying man had taken unfair advantage of his pity and deceived his simple faith. He discovered in the despair of the old man the last resource of cunning, and in his mad blasphemies, a crafty purpose on the threshold of death. He next turned his thoughts, with unwillingness, even aversion, to the wife who had fallen to him. The idea of loving her, not from his own heart, but as his dead brother's proxy, chimed in with his perverted monkish

reasoning, although his healthy honest nature revolted against such a niggardly expedient. Now that he considered her his own, he could not repress a certain amazement at his wife's having addressed him in such concise terms, and at the frank, uncompromising honesty with which she adjusted her claims. Truly a sturdier and more substantial being than the ideal woman of the legend! He had imagined women gentler.

Suddenly Astorre was reminded of the contradiction between his monastic dress and all these feelings and reflections. [He was ashamed of his cowl, and it grew irksome to him. "Bring me worldly garments," he ordered,] and the officious servants hastened to obey his wish. He was soon dressed in a suit which had been his brother's; they having been about the same height.

At this moment his father's fool, named Gocciola, threw himself at his feet, and would do him homage, not, however, like the others, to ask the continuance of his service, but to pray for dismissal and permission to change his profession; he said he was weary of the world, and it would ill become his gray

hair to go into the next life in cap and bells. [Thus wailing and whining, he took possession of the monk's cast-off garments, which the servants had not dared to touch. Then his inconstant brain turned a complete somersault, and he said greedily, "I think I'll wait and eat Amarella once more before I bid farewell to the world and its delusions. We shall not have to wait long here, I think, for a wedding." And he licked the corners of his mouth with his flabby tongue. Then bending one knee before the Monk, he shook his bells and sprang away, dragging rope and cowl behind him.

Amarella, or Amare, Dante explained, was the name given by the Paduans to their wedding-cake, on account of its flavor of bitter almonds, and also in graceful allusion to the verb of the first conjugation. Here he paused, and, shading brow and eyes with his hand, was evidently considering how to go on with the romance.

During the interim, the Majordomo of the Prince, an Alsatian named Burcardo, with measured steps, ceremonious bows, and profuse apologies for thus disturbing the enter-

tainment, presented himself before Cangrande to ask for commands about some domestic matters. The Germans were in that day no rare apparition at the Ghibelline courts of Italy ; indeed they were sought and preferred to the natives, because of their honesty and quickness in apprehending ceremonies and customs.

When Dante raised his head again, he saw the Alsatian, and heard the dire havoc he was making among the Italian consonants, which, while it amused the courtiers, offended the sensitive ear of the poet. His eyes lingered with evident pleasure on the two young men, Ascanio and the mail-clad knight, and at last, thoughtfully on the ladies, the princess Diana, whose marble cheeks were now suffused with a faint flush of animation, and Antiope, the friend of Cangrande, a pretty sprightly creature. He then continued : —

“ Behind the city-castle of the Vicedomini there formerly spread (though to-day the illustrious race has so long been extinct, that the plot of ground has wholly changed its character) a district of such extent as to fur-

nish pasturage for cattle, preserves for stag and deer, ponds full of fish, deep shady woods and sunny vineyards. On a brilliant morning, seven days after the funeral, the monk, Astorre, was sitting in the dark shade of a cedar, with his back against the trunk, and the points of his shoes stretching out into the burning sunlight. (This title of "Monk" he retained among the Romans to the end of his short pilgrimage upon earth.) He was lying, rather than sitting, opposite a fountain, where, from the mouth of a great stone face, gushed a cool flood. As he was dreaming or thinking, I know not which, two young men, one in armor, the other in a handsome travelling costume, sprang from their dust-covered steeds, and with rapid steps crossed the hot, sunny square in front of the palace. Ascanio and Germano, such were the rider's names, were favorites of the Governor, and had been youthful companions of the monk, with whom, in brotherly fashion, they had studied and played up to his fifteenth year, or the beginning of his novitiate. Ezzelin had sent them with despatches to his brother-in-law, Emperor Frederick. The two

were on their way back to the tyrant bearing replies to important questions, and added to these, the news of the day, and a copy, made in the Imperial Chancery, of a pastoral letter addressed to the Christian Clergy, wherein the Holy Father accused the great-minded Emperor, in the face of the world, of the most utter godlessness. Although entrusted with this portentous document, as well as other weighty missives, the two could not find it in their hearts to rush past the home of their old play-fellow, which was directly *en route* to the tyrant's castle, without stopping to offer him a word of sympathy. At the last inn before reaching Padua, where, without leaving the stirrup, they had let the horses drink, they had heard from the gossiping landlord of the great city disaster and the still greater city scandal, of the loss of the wedding-barque, and the discarded cowl of the monk with all the attendant circumstances, except that of uniting the hands of Diana and Astorre, which had not yet been made public. Indissoluble are the bonds which chain us to the companions of our childhood. Startled by the strange fate of

Astorre, the two could not rest until they had beheld, with their own eyes, a friend thus restored to the world and to them. During many years they had seen the monk only by chance in the street, where they greeted him with a kindly but somewhat distant bow made the deeper by a sincere reverence.

Gocciola, whom they found in the court of the palace munching a biscuit, as he sat swinging his legs over a bit of wall, led them into the garden. As they strolled along, the fool entertained the gentlemen not with the tragic fate of the house, but with his own affairs, which seemed to him of more importance. He said that he was fervently striving for a blessed end, and swallowed the rest of the biscuit without chewing it with his loose teeth, so that it all but choked him. The grotesque faces he made up, together with his maudlin talk about living in a cell, caused Ascanio to break into such merry peals of laughter as would have driven every cloud out of the sky if the day had not revelled for its own delight in all the glowing colors.

Ascanio did not hesitate to banter the

“Little Drop” in order the sooner to be rid of this annoying mortal. “Poor fellow,” he began, “you will not gain the cell, for, between ourselves, the tyrant has cast longing eyes on you. Let me tell you; he has four fools, the Stoic, the Epicurean, the Platonic and the Skeptic, as he calls them. These four, when the grave tyrant desires to unbend, place themselves, at a sign from him, in the four corners of a hall, on whose vaulted ceiling the planets and heavenly constellations are pictured. My Uncle in everyday dress steps into the middle of the room, claps his hands, and the philosophers with a skip exchange corners. Day before yesterday, the Stoic died weeping and moaning, for the insatiable creature had devoured many pounds of vermicelli. My Uncle hinted to me, cursorily, that he thinks of replacing him and will entreat the Monk, your new master, to grant him you, as a contribution from his inheritance, Oh, Gocciola! so the matter stands. Ezzelin is going to try to capture you! Who knows whether he may not be right upon your heels at this moment? This was in allusion to the ubiquity of the

tyrant which kept the Paduans in a constant state of alarm. Gocciola uttered a shriek, as if the hand of the mighty one had fallen upon his shoulder, looked around trembling, and though there was nothing behind him but his own little shadow, with chattering teeth fled away to some hiding place.

"I erase the fools of Ezzelin," said Dante, with a gesture of his hand, as if he held a pen and were writing a romance, instead of telling it. "This feature is untrue, Ascanio lied. It is nowise conceivable that a nature so serious and grand as Ezzelin's could have found pleasure in feeding fools, or listening to their silly chatter." This was a hit the Florentine directed at his host, on whose mantle Gocciola sat leering and grinning at the poet.

Cangrande did not appear to heed it, but secretly promised himself to pay Dante back, with interest, at the first opportunity.

Satisfied, and almost gaily, Dante continued his narration.

"Soon the friends discovered the uncowed monk leaning against the trunk of a pine."

"A cedar, Dante," corrected the Princess, who had listened with increasing attention. "A cedar, sunning the tips of his feet. He did not observe his guests coming up on either side, so deeply was he absorbed in his empty—or was it over-burdened?—thoughts. Ascanio stooped, picked a blade of grass and tickled the monk's nose until he sneezed three times lustily. Astorre warmly grasped the hands of his youthful playfellows, and drew them left and right down upon the grass beside him. "Now what do you say to it all?" he asked in a tone rather timid than defiant. "Well, first my hearty praise of your prior and your cloister" laughed Ascanio, "for keeping you so fresh; you look younger than either of us. To be sure, the trig-fitting dress and smooth chin may have some share in this rejuvenation. Do you know that you are a handsome man? Here, dropt under this huge cedar you are like the first man, by God created thirty years of age, as the learned assert, and I," he went on with an artless expression, as he saw the monk blush at his audacity, "I am truly the last to blame you that you have

freed yourself from the monk's hood, for to preserve his race is the instinct of every living thing."

"It was not my wish, nor my voluntary decision," the monk acknowledged truthfully. "Reluctantly I yielded to the will of my dying father."

"Really!" Ascanio said, and smiled. "Do not tell this, Astorre, to anybody but to us who love you; to others this lack of independence would seem ridiculous. I pray you take care, Astorre, that in developing the man out of the monk you do not overstep the boundaries of good taste. The difficult transition should be made by delicate gradations. Accept counsel; travel a year, perhaps, visit the Court of the Emperor; messengers are constantly running from thence to Padua and back. Allow yourself to be sent by Ezzelin to Palermo. You will there become acquainted with the most perfect Knight, and a man wholly free from prejudice. I mean our Frederick the Second; and you will there also be brought to understand women, and wean yourself from the monkish habit of either disparaging them too much,

or idolizing them. The character of the ruler colors court and city. Life here in Padua under my uncle, the tyrant, has grown wild, extravagant, arbitrary, and gives you a false picture of the world. Palermo, when under the most humane of all rulers, play and earnest, duty and pleasure, loyalty and fickleness, good faith and prudent mistrust, mingle in just proportions, affords a vastly truer picture. There, trifle away a twelve-month, or share in a campaign, without exposing yourself rashly. Keep your destination ever in view, but just remind yourself of the way to manage horse and sabre; as a boy you knew how to do it well. Keep your gay brown eyes, which, by the torch of Aurora, sparkle and glow since you left the cloister, open on all sides, and return to us a man able to command himself and others."

"He must marry a Swabian yonder at the Emperor's court," added the mail-clad friend good-naturedly. "They are more trustworthy and honest than our women." "Will you be silent?" admonished Ascanio, "save me from your heavy flaxen braids." But the monk pressed Germano's right hand which he had not let go.

"Frankly, Germano, what do you say to all this?" "To what," said Germano brusquely. "Why, to my new position?"

"Astorre my friend," answered the moustached youth, somewhat embarrassed, "when a thing is done, one no longer asks for advice, but simply defends the act; if you must have my opinion, however, see here, Astorre, violated faith, broken vows, desertion of one's colors etc., to these things in Germany we give harsh names. Of course, with you it was something quite different, not to be compared—then your dying father! Astorre, my friend, you have acted well, only the contrary would have been better still. This is my opinion," he concluded cordially.

"Then if you had been here, you would have refused me the hand of your sister, Germano?"

Germano looked as if a thunderbolt had fallen at his feet. "The hand of my sister Diana, who is now in mourning for your brother?" "The same—she is my betrothed." "Ah! glorious," cried the worldly-wise Ascanio, and "Delightful," responded

Germano, "let me embrace thee brother, brother-in-law," for the soldier, in spite of his abruptness, had good manners. But he suppressed a sigh. Heartily as he esteemed his austere sister, he would have selected a wholly different woman for the monk sitting beside him.

So he twisted his moustache, and Ascanio hastened to give the conversation a different turn. "Astorre," said he, pleasantly, "we must begin to get acquainted with each other anew; no less than fifteen contemplative years in a cloister lie between our childhood and to-day. Not that, in the meantime, we have changed our natures, for who does that? but we have developed; Germano, for instance, has gained fame and glory on the battle-field as a warrior, yet we have to accuse him of having become half-German. He," and Ascanio doubled up his arm as if pouring the contents of a whole beaker down his throat, "afterward grows melancholy, or quarrelsome. Then he despises our sweet Italian and says boastfully 'I shall speak German with you,' and growls out the bearish sounds of a savage tongue.

His servants turn pale, his creditors fly, and our Paduan women turn their stately backs upon him. This is perhaps why he has remained a maiden knight like yourself Astorre," and he laid his hand confidently on the monk's shoulder.

Germano laughed heartily and answered, pointing to Ascanio. "And he has found his vocation, which is to be the perfect courtier."

"Here you are mistaken, Germano," replied Ezzelin's favorite, "my aim has only been to enjoy life, to be easy and gay." As proof of this, he hailed the child of the gardener, who was stealing by in the distance, looking askance at her new master, the monk, and bade her come nearer. The pretty little thing bore on her laughing head a basket heaped up with figs and grapes, and looked much more roguish than shy or bashful. Ascanio sprang up, threw his left arm round the maiden's slender waist, and with his right pulled a bunch of grapes out of her basket, trying at the same time to kiss her full rosy lips. The coy maiden blushed, but kept quite still for fear of spill-

ing her fruit. The monk, however, turned from the gay courtier with displeasure, and the little girl, frightened at his gesture, ran off as fast as she could, strewing the path behind her flying feet with the fruit. Ascanio, holding his own bunch of grapes in his hand, stooped and picked up two others, one of which he offered Germano, who flung it contemptuously into the grass. The good-natured fellow passed the other over to the monk, who at first allowed it to lie untouched, but after a while thoughtlessly tasted one grape, and soon a second and a third.

"A courtier" continued Ascanio, as, amused at the prudery of the thirty-years old monk, he threw himself down again beside him on the grass, "don't you believe it Astorre! believe exactly the contrary. I am the only one who, quietly and in plain words, can persuade my uncle not to become unmerciful, and, while a ruler, to remain a man!

"He is only just and true to himself," added Germano.

"Oh, his justice, and the logic of his deeds!" said Ascanio sadly. "Padua is a feoff

of the Empire; Ezzelin is governor. Whoever is dissatisfied with him rebels against the Empire; and rebels, traitors must be—" he could not bring his lips to utter it—"horrible!" he murmured. ["And yet, to speak out frankly, why can't we Italians manage our own lives under this blue sky of ours? Why, forever, this misty phantom of the Empire stifling our breath?"] I speak not for myself; my fate is bound up with that of my uncle. If the Emperor dies—whom God preserve!—all Italy, with cursing and swearing, will overthrow the tyrant Ezzelin and will strangle the nephew along with him." Ascanio gazed at the luxurious earth, the radiant heavens, and uttered a sigh.

"Both of us," added Germano coolly, "but not yet awhile; the governor, according to prophecy, is to maintain his power firmly for a long time to come. The learned Guido Bonatti and Paul of Bagdad, who might sweep the dust from the streets with his long beard, although usually in passionate contradiction to one another, have with accord unriddled for him a new and cu-

rious constellation in the following manner. [Sooner, or later, a son of the peninsula is to win undivided power over it, with the help of a German Emperor, who for his part, is, on the other side of the mountains to unite all the Germans under the sway of one solid Imperial Crown. Is Frederic this Emperor? Is this king Ezzelin?] God alone can tell. Who knows the time and the hour? but the governor has staked our heads and his renown upon it."

"A tissue of rationalism and blind delusion," said Ascanio, annoyed, whilst the monk heard, with amazement, of the might of the stars, the unbridled ambition of the ruler, and the all-engrossing rush and whirl of worldly life.

The spectre of the cruelty of Ezzelin, whom, in his innocence, he had looked upon as incorporated justice, began also to alarm him.

Ascanio responded to his doubts and fears by ejaculating with emphasis, "That dark-browed Guido and the bearded heathen, may they both find a miserable end! They mislead my uncle, catering to his lusts and

humors, whilst they persuade him that he is only doing what is necessary. Have you ever observed him, Germano? how at his frugal meal he only colors the water in his transparent crystal cup with three or four drops of blood-red Sicilian? how attentively his eyes follow this blood as it slowly clouds and permeates the pure stream? or how he loves to close the lids of the dead, so that it has become a courtesy to invite the governor to a death-bed, as to a feast, and to commit to him this last sad duty? Ezzelin, my Prince, do not, I pray thee become cruel!" exclaimed the youth, overcome by his feelings.

"No, I will not, my nephew," said a voice behind him. It was Ezzelin, who had approached unseen, and though no listener, had heard the last bitter supplication.

The three young men rose quickly and greeted the ruler, who accepted a seat beside them on the bank. His face was calm as the mask at the fountain.

"You, my messengers," he said, addressing Ascanio and Germano, "how came it that you sought out this man (he nodded lightly to the monk) before me?"

“He was our playfellow and he has met with strange vicissitudes of late,” said his nephew by way of excuse, and Ezzelin let it pass. He took the letters which Ascanio handed to him on bended knee and, with the exception of the Papal Bull, crowded them all into the bosom of his dress. “See here,” said he, “the latest; read it aloud, Ascanio, your eyes are younger than mine.”

Ascanio read the Apostolic letter, whilst Ezzelin, burying his right hand in his beard, listened with demoniac satisfaction.

The triple-crowned writer began by giving the enlightened Emperor the name of “Apocalyptic Monster.” “This is nothing new,” said the tyrant, “I, too, was called by all sorts of extravagant names until I admonished the Pontifex that whoever had anything to say to Ezzelin must henceforth upbraid him in classic language. What name does he give me this time? I am curious to know; hunt up the passage, Ascanio, in which he reproaches my father-in-law for his bad associate. Give it to me!” He seized the letter and soon found the place. The Pope accused the Emperor of loving

the husband of his daughter, Ezzelin da Romano, the greatest criminal on the inhabited globe.

"Correct," assented Ezzelin, and gave Ascanio back the letter. "Now read to me the sins of the Emperor, nephew," he said smiling.

Ascanio read on: "Frederic has said, three imposters — Moses, Mahomet, and " — he hesitated — "had deceived the world." "Superficial!" exclaimed Ezzelin with a frown, "they had their stars, but whether he said it or not, the remark engraves itself, and outweighs for him who wears the tiara, an army and a fleet; — proceed!"


Now followed a curious anecdote. "Frederic, riding through a cornfield, had joked with his attendants, and in blasphemous allusion to the sacred bread, recited these lines: —

As many Gods there are as ears of grain,
They quickly shoot aloft through sun and rain,
And wave their golden heads on hill and plain."

Ezzelin thought a moment. "Curious!" he whispered. "My memory has preserved this little verse somewhere. It is absolutely

authentic. The Emperor recited it to me, with a merry laugh, as we were riding together in sight of the temple ruins of Enna, through those exuberant cornfields with which the goddess Ceres has blessed Sicilian soil. I remember it with the same clearness that shone over the Isle on that summer day.] I am not the one, however, who repeated this conceit to the Pontifex; I am too grave a man to do that. Who did it? I appeal to you. There were three of us and the third — of this, too, I am as certain as of the luminous sun above us (a beam fell straight into the arbor) was Peter de Vinca, — the inseparable companion of the Emperor. May the pious Chancellor have feared for his soul and relieved his conscience by a letter to Rome? Does a Saracen ride forth to-day? Yes? Quick, Ascanio, I will dictate a few lines.”

Ascanio drew out a little tablet and pencil, and, dropping upon his right knee, used the left as a desk. “Illustrious Prince and beloved father-in-law, one hurried word. The little verse in the Bull (you have far too much mind to repeat yourself) was heard



only by four ears, mine and those of your Peter, a year ago, in the cornfields of Enna, at the time you called me to your court, and I rode with you over the island. Have the winds of heaven proved treacherous and borne these lines to the Vicar of St. Peter? If you love me and yourself, Prince, rack your Chancellor's brains for an answer."

"Bloody suggestion! I will not write it, my hand trembles," cried Ascanio, turning pale, and he threw his pencil away.

"Official duty," Germano said drily, picked up the pencil and finished the letter which he thrust under his helmet. "It will go off to-day. As regards my simple self I never liked this Capuan, he has a veiled look."

The monk Astorre shivered in spite of the mid-day sun. After his peaceful cloister life the suspicion and treachery of the world seemed to him like the slippery coils of a viper he was grasping in his hands. A stern rebuke from Ezzelin, as he rose from his stone seat banished his reverie.

"Say, monk, why do you bury yourself in your castle. You have not left it since you donned the world's garb. You shrink from

public opinion? Face it boldly, it will yield, but make a single attempt at flight and it will hang upon your heels. Have you visited Diana? The week of mourning is past. I advise you to invite your kinsfolk and marry Diana to-day."

"Then be off with you to your remotest castle," concluded Ascanio.

"I do not counsel this," said the tyrant, "no fear, no flight. [To-day be married and to-morrow give the wedding feast with masks. *Valete.*" He departed, motioning Germano to follow him."

"May I interrupt," asked Cangrande, who had courteously waited until a pause came in the narrative.

"You are Lord and Master" peevishly replied the Florentine.

"Do you really impute to our immortal Emperor that word 'impostor' as applied to three great souls?"

"*Non lignet.*"

"I mean in your secret soul?"

With a motion of the head Dante negatived the question.

"And yet you have condemned him as

being one of the ungodly, to the sixth circle in your hell. How could you do this? justify yourself."

"*Illustrissimo*," replied the Florentine, "the *Commedia* expresses the judgment and sentence of this age, which, whether justly or unjustly, reads the most frightful blasphemies on that sublime brow. It is not for me to oppose the opinion of the pious, perhaps, however, the Future will judge him quite differently."

"My Dante," said Cangrande, a second time, "dost thou believe Petrus de Vinca innocent of this crime against the Emperor?"

"*Non lignet.*"

"I mean in your inmost soul?"

Dante again shook his head.

"Yet you allow the traitor to affirm his innocence in your *Commedia*."

"Prince, have I any right, in lack of actual proof, to accuse one more son of this Italian peninsula where we know of so much double-dealing and knavery?"


"Dante, noble poet, you do not believe in the guilt and you condemn; you do believe in the guilt and you absolve." He then in

playful fashion attempted to go on himself with the story. "The monk and Ascanio left the garden and entered the Hall."

But Dante caught the broken thread — saying, "Not so — they mounted to a small room in the tower; the same which Astorre had occupied, when a curly-haired boy, for he could not at once accustom himself to the large and magnificent rooms, now his own, nor had he as yet touched any portion of the golden hoard bequeathed to him. At a commanding gesture from Ascanio the stiff and surly looking Major-domo Burcardo, followed the two friends."

Cangrande's major-domo, who had returned to the hall in order to listen to the story, now found himself so faithfully mirrored in it, that he deemed this misuse of his stately person most unseemly, in fact, presumptuous, from the mouth of a stranger, to whom he had given the simplest room imaginable in the palace. What the others enjoyed as a joke he resented as an insult with frowning brows and angry glance.

The Florentine seemed to relish his indignation and went on with his tale.



1 "Worthy Sir," Ascanio addressed the Majordomo (did I say he was by birth an Alsatian?) "how does one get married in Padua? As-torre and I find ourselves inexperienced in this science."

The master of ceremonies struck an attitude and gazed fixedly at his master without deigning a look at Ascanio, who according to his notion, had no right to demand anything of him.

"*Destingendum est*" said he solemnly; "there are three distinct ceremonies to be observed; the wooing, the espousals, and the wedding."

"Where does all this stand written down?" enquired Ascanio laughing.

"*Ecce!*" replied the Majordomo as he unfolded before them a big book which he always carried about with him. "Here!" and he pointed with the first finger of his left hand to the title. "The ceremonies of Padua, collected after the most careful researches for the pious use and benefit of all respectable and honorable people by Messer Godoscalco Burcardo." He turned over the leaves and read. "Section 1st. The Wooing.

Paragraph 1st. The earnest wooer brings with him a friend of like position as legal witness, and — "By the superabundant merits of my patron saint, spare us the ante and post, the wooing and wedding. Serve up your middle course. How are Espousals conducted in Padua?"

"In Batooa" crowed the irritated Alsatian, whose barbarous pronunciation was exaggerated by his excitement, "for patrician *sposalizio* the twelve noble families must be invited" — he counted them over from memory — "ten days beforehand, no earlier, no later, by the Majordomo of the Bridegroom attended by six servants. Before this assembly of nobles the rings are exchanged. The guests drink Cybrian and eat Amarella."

"Heaven preserve our teeth," laughed Ascanio, and snatching the book he read through the names of the families, six of which had been erased with broad strokes. They had probably been involved in some conspiracy against the tyrant and had thus perished.

"Now listen, old man," commanded Ascanio, acting for the monk, who had sunk

into a chair, and, lost in thought, surrendered himself to his friendly guardian. "Make your rounds with the other six good-for-nothings at once, this very hour, without delay, do you understand? and give the invitations for this evening at vesper time."

"[Ten days beforehand," repeated Messer Burcardo, majestically, as if proclaiming an Imperial law.

"To-day, and for to-day, obstinate fellow." "Impossible," said the Majordomo quietly, "would you change the course of the planets and the seasons?"

"You rebel! do you want your throat ornamented with a rope, old man?" said Ascanio with a peculiar smile.

This sufficed. Burcardo understood Ezzelin had commanded, and the stiff-necked pedant yielded without grumbling; such an iron rod did the tyrant hold over his people.

"But you are not to invite the two ladies Canossa; Signora Olympia, and Signorina Antiope."

"Why not these?" and the monk suddenly sprang to his feet as if touched by a magic wand. The empty air took form and color

and a picture rose before his fantasy the bare outlines of which captivated his whole soul.

"Because the Countess Olympia is a fool, Astorre. Do you not know the poor woman's history? Ah! you were at that time in swathing bands, or, to speak more properly, in the cowl. It was three years ago when the leaves were sere and yellow."

"No, 'twas in the summer, Ascanio" said the monk, "the anniversary must be fast approaching."

"You are right! Do you then know the story? But how should you? [Count Canossa was suspected of having secret dealings with the legate, was watched, seized and condemned. The Countess threw herself at the feet of my uncle, but he wrapped himself in unapproachable silence; she then allowed herself to be basely deceived by one of the chamberlains who, for the sake of the money he could make out of her, promised that the Count should receive his pardon before the block. This was not fulfilled, and [when they brought to her the Count, beheaded, maddened by the sudden change from hope

to despair, she flung herself out of the window, but marvellous to relate, apparently suffered no injury except the spraining of her foot. From that day to this, however, her mind has been deranged.] If our natural moods imperceptibly resolve themselves one into another, as the light of day gradually fades and is lost in the darkness of night, hers, on the contrary, pass abruptly from bright to dark, twelve times in twelve hours. A prey to the bitterest unrest this miserable woman hurries from her deserted city-palace to her country house, and from there back again to the city in a state of constant bewilderment. To-day she threatens to marry her daughter to the son of a farmer, because only in the humbler walks of life security and peace is to be found; to-morrow the most aristocratic lover, (who, to be sure, through fear of such a mother is not likely to present himself,) is considered scarcely grand enough."

If Ascanio, in the midst of his talk, had cast one hasty glance at Astorre he would have paused in amazement, for the monk's face was positively transfigured with sympathy and pity.

But he went on heedless. "When the tyrant at the chase rides past Olympia's house, she rushes to the window and expects to see him dismount at her threshold, and, after this long and sufficient purification by suffering, that he will graciously and kindly conduct her back to court; a thing he really has not the faintest idea of ever doing. Another day, or perhaps, the very same day, she imagines herself banished and persecuted by Ezzelin, who simply does not trouble himself about her.

"She believes herself impoverished, and her estates, which he has never meddled with, confiscated. Thus, she burns and freezes, flying from one extreme to another, is not only distracted herself, but distracts whoever she draws into the whirlpool of her ideas, and is the cause of mischief, where the people believe in her, since being only half a fool, she says many caustic and witty things. To bring her among sensible people, or to a festival, is not to be thought of. It is a miracle that her child Antiope, whom she idolizes, and whose marriage is the aim of all her fancies, has been able to


retain her reason amid such bewildering circumstances, but the girl is in the bloom and strength of youth, is pretty enough, and has a sweet nature." So Ascanio rambled on with his story.

[Astorre was lost in dreams! I say this for what is the past but a dream? All the monk had experienced three years ago was before his eyes.] He saw a block, the executioner beside it, and he himself, as substitute for a brother who was ill, waiting to administer the last pious sacrament and give spiritual consolation to some poor sinner. The prisoner, Count Canossa, at last appeared in chains, but at the same time seeming far from prepared to submit to his fate; either he fancied his pardon was at hand, now that he stood before the block, or he loved life and the sun, and abhorred the thought of darkness and the grave. He treated the monk rudely and refused to listen to his prayers. A horrible struggle was impending if he continued to resist, for he held his child by the hand, who, unperceived by the guards, had sprung to his side, and now clung to him, fastening her expressive eyes,

full of supplication, on the face of the monk. The father drew the child close to his breast, as if with this fresh young life to protect himself from destruction, but was forced down by the executioner and his head pressed upon the block.

Then the child laid her little head beside her father's. Did she hope to awaken the sympathy of the executioner? Did she hope to encourage her father to endure the unavoidable? Was she trying to whisper the name of a Saint in the ear of the unreconciled man? Was she in her overflowing child-like love, without thought or consideration, doing an unheard-of thing? Would she simply die with him?

The vision grew so clear to the mental eye of Astorre as to bring palpably before him, in colors startlingly life-like, the two necks lying side by side. The Count's brown and sunburnt. The child's, white as snow, half-hidden in her golden locks. The little neck was slender and exquisitely formed. Astorre shuddered, lest the falling axe, should mistake its victim, and was stirred to his inmost soul, just as he had been two years



before, when the frightful scene actually occurred, although he did not wholly lose consciousness as at the time it happened; then he recovered his senses only after all was over.

"Has my master any commands to give!" and the droning voice of the Majordomo broke in upon his reverie—for this worthy did not at all relish being under Ascanio's orders.

"Burcardo," replied Astorre, in a gentle voice—"do not forget to invite the two ladies Canossa—mother and daughter. It must not be said that the monk ignores those who are shunned and neglected by the world. I recognise the right of the unfortunate woman (here the Majordomo assented with an easy nod) to be invited and received by me. In her condition it might mortify her deeply to be thus overlooked."

"For Heaven's sake, leave her out" cried Ascanio, "your betrothal is even now, a wild affair enough, and it is just such mad-cap proceedings that excite half-crazy people. Take my word for it, she will, as is her wont, do something incredible, fling some unheard-


of remark into the midst of the festivities, which already interest the gossiping Paduans sufficiently."

But Messer Burcardo, who believed in the propriety of inviting the Canossa, in the Assembly of the twelve, whether she was in her senses or not, and also that his obedience was due to the Vicedomini and nobody else, bowed low before the monk and said as he withdrew: "Your Lordship alone is to be obeyed."

"Oh, Monk! Monk!" exclaimed Ascanio, "to think of practising divine mercy in a world where common kindness can scarcely be exercised with impunity!"

"Such is human nature," interposed Dante. "A prophetic light sometimes reveals the brink of an abyss, but our imagined cleverness steps in and with smiles and sophistries persuades us there is no danger."

To allay his fears the light-hearted fellow reasoned with himself in this wise. "What in the world is this foolish woman to the monk, in whose life she does not play the slightest part? and after all if she gives us



something to laugh at, a spice is added to the Amerella!" He had not the faintest suspicion what was passing in the soul of Astorre, and the monk would never have committed any part of his tender secret to this frivolous worldling.

Therefore Ascanio let well enough alone, and remembering the other command of the tyrant to instruct the monk in the ways of the world enquired cheerily; "Have you thought of the wedding ring Astorre? for it stands written in the 'Ceremonies': section second, paragraph so-and-so, "The rings shall be exchanged." The monk replied he would hunt up one among the family jewels.

"No, indeed, Astorre," said Ascanio, "if you take my advice you will buy your Diana a new one. Who knows what stories may be attached to a ring which has been used? Leave the past entirely behind! Moreover you have now the best opportunity. Go, and buy her a ring of the Florentine on the bridge. Do you know the man?—yet how should you? Listen! early this morning as I was crossing the bridge on foot with Germano

(the crowd was so thick that we had been obliged to dismount and lead our horses) I saw, my dear fellow, that at the weather-beaten head of the pier a goldsmith had opened his shop and all Padua was haggling and chaffering over his jewels. And why on the bridge, do you ask, Astorre, when there are so many more convenient places? Because in Florence all the jewelry shops are on the Arno bridge. Then, (admire the logic of fashion,) where should one buy his jewelry if not of a Florentine and where should a Florentine sell it if not on a bridge? He would never think of doing differently; if he does, his wares are always suspected of being coarse and common, and in fact, he himself of being no genuine Florentine. But there's no mistake as to this man. He has written in enormous letters over his booth, "Niccolo Lippo dei Lippi, the goldsmith, exiled from his home by one of those corrupt and unjust decrees but too common on the Arno. Come, Astorre, let us go to the bridge."

Astorre did not refuse. He may himself have felt the need of breaking the spell of

isolation which had bound him to the house ever since he threw off the monk's garb. .

"Have you any money in your pocket?" asked Ascanio jokingly, "remember your vow of poverty is broken and the Florentine will charge you enough." The monk rapped on a window-pane in the room of the house-steward, conveniently situated on the lower floor over which the young men were now passing; the cunning face of the steward instantly appeared (a Genoese, if I've been rightly informed) and with a fawning bow he reached his master a purse well-filled with Byzantine gold. A servant then enveloped the monk in a comfortable summer mantle with a large hood.

Upon the street, Astorre drew the hood deep over his face, less on account of the burning rays of the sun, than from long habit, and turning to his companion said pleasantly, "Am I not to be trusted to go alone on this small errand, Ascanio? Surely to buy a simple gold ring is not beyond the capacity of a monk, you'll risk me so far, *a rivederci* when the vesper bell rings." Ascanio left him and called back over his

shoulder "One, not two, Diana gives you yours, remember that Astorre." 'Twas only one of the many light bubbles which the merry fellow blew into the air every day.

"If you ask me, Prince, why the monk dismissed his friend, I answer, that he longed to let the heavenly chords ring out clear and full which the child martyr had awakened in his soul."

Astorre had reached the bridge. Notwithstanding the burning heat of the sun, it was crowded with people, and from both shores a double line of men and women were passing before the shop of the Florentine. The monk was not recognized under his cloak, although now and again a questioning eye rested upon the uncovered part of his face. Nobles and citizens pressed around the booth. High-born dames alighted from their chairs and consented to be squeezed and jostled for the sake of buying a pair of bracelets or a coronet of the latest pattern. By the ringing of a bell, the Florentine had announced everywhere that he should close to-day after the *Ave Maria*. He had never dreamed of doing anything

of the sort, but what does a lie cost a Florentine?

At last the monk stood before the booth, closely hemmed in by the crowd. The besieged trader who seemed to multiply himself tenfold glanced at the monk and at once detected his inexperience. "How can I serve the cultivated taste of Eccellenza?" he asked. "Give me a simple gold ring," replied the monk. The merchant seized a cup exquisitely wrought and covered with reliefs in Florentine taste, and shaking the bowl which contained more than a hundred rings offered it to Astorre.

The monk now found himself in a state of painful embarrassment, he had no idea of the size of the finger on which he was to put the ring and, taking up several, hesitated whether to buy a large or a small one. The Florentine could not repress a gibe, for it was the fashion on the Arno to add a sting to every speech. "Does not Eccellenza know the size of the finger he has pressed so often?" he enquired, with innocent mien, yet, like the shrewd man he was, correcting himself instantly as he remembered that

most men preferred being thought knaves than fools, gave Astorre two rings, a large and a small one, which he contrived to slip between the thumb and forefinger of the monk: "for the Signor's two loves," he whispered, bowing.

Before the monk, however, could manifest his indignation at this impudent remark he received a violent blow. It was the shoulder-piece of a horse in armor, which struck him so hard that he let the small ring fall to the ground. At the same moment the deafening blast of eight trumpets sounded in his ears. The band of the governor's German body-guard was riding in two lines of four horses each over the bridge, shoving the crowd in all directions and pressing the people up against the stone parapet.


The old wooden planks of the bridge were much worn, and, especially in the middle, full of ruts, into one of which the ring fell, and rolled over to the other side. Here a young maid named Isotta (or, as they shorten the name in Padua, Sotte) snatched up the sparkling thing, at the imminent risk of being trampled on by the

horses. "A lucky ring!" shouted the silly girl and with childish glee forced it on to the slender finger of her young mistress, whom she was accompanying; it was the fourth finger of her left hand, which by its delicate shape, seemed to her especially worthy of this pretty ornament.] In Padua, as in Verona, if I am right, they wear the betrothal-ring on the left hand.

The noble Signorina was annoyed at Sotte's joke and yet somewhat amused by it. She struggled hard to pull the strange ring off again, but it resisted her efforts as if it had been molded on. Suddenly the monk stood before her in an attitude of joyful surprise. [He had laid his left hand over his heart while his right was extended toward her, for although she had attained the bloom of maidenhood, by the exquisite delicacy of her throat, and still more by the beating of his own heart, he had recognized the child whose tender head he last saw on the block.]

Whilst the young girl stood confused, now lifting her questioning eyes to the monk and then letting them fall upon the

refractory ring, Astorre hesitated to ask her for it, still it had to be done. He opened his lips; "Signorina" he began and felt himself in the embrace of two strong mailed arms, which had taken possession of him bodily. In a moment with the help of another soldier he was seated astride an impatient steed. "Let us see," laughed a good-natured voice, "whether you have forgotten how to ride." It was Germano, at the head of the German cohort, which the Governor had ordered out for a review in the plain near Padua. [Meeting his brother-in-law in this unexpected manner on the bridge he had conceived the joke of mounting him on one of the horses from which a young Swabian sprang off at his command.] The fiery steed, detecting instantly the change of riders, made a couple of wild springs; it caused a stampede on the crowded bridge, and Astorre, whose hood had fallen back, and who, with difficulty kept hold of the reins, was recognized by the startled people. "The Monk! The Monk!" resounded from all sides, but the martial troop had already left the bridge and soon disappeared round



the corner of the street.] The Florentine, who was left unpaid, rushed after him. He had scarcely gone twenty steps, however, when he turned back, afraid to leave his wares under the slight protection of a small boy, and besides, the cries of the multitude warned him that he had to deal with some one well known in the city who could be easily hunted up. He had Astorre's palace pointed out to him and presented himself there that same day, the following, and the day after. The two first days he could get no answer to his questions, for the monk's household was turned upside down, the third he found the tyrant's seal affixed to the closed door; this frightened the coward and he went off without his pay.

Meanwhile the women, Antiope, the giddy maid, and a third, who, separated from them by the tumult on the bridge, had now rejoined them, started off in an opposite direction. This third was an odd-looking, prematurely aged woman, with deeply furrowed brow and gray bushy locks, She had an excited air as she dragged her untidy, but still aristocratic dress, through the dust of the streets.

With foolish exultation Sotte instantly related to the elderly lady, evidently the mother of the damsel, the occurrence on the bridge. Astorre, she also had recognized him by the cries of the people. Astorre, the monk, whose wooing was the talk of the town, had surreptitiously rolled to the feet of Antiope a gold ring, and when she, Sotte, perceiving the hand of Fate, and the cunning of the monk, had put the ring on the dear girl's hand, the monk himself had stepped up to them and, [when Antiope modestly wished to return the ring, had laid his left hand tenderly on his heart—here she imitated the monk raising his right hand in refusal, with a gesture which in all Italy says, and signifies, "Keep it, my dear!"]

[At last the astounded Antiope found a chance to say a word for herself, and besought her mother to pay no heed to Sotte's nonsense, but in vain. Signora Olympia raised her hands toward Heaven, and in the open streets thanked St. Anthony with fervor for having listened to her daily prayer, beyond all hopes or expectations, in that he had bestowed upon her darling one of his own


sons, a well-born virtuous man.] She accompanied all this with such extravagant gesticulation that the passers-by laughed and tapped their foreheads. The bewildered Antiope tried in all conceivable ways to reason her mother out of the delusion; the elderly Canossa refused to listen, and went on passionately building up her air-castle.

When the ladies reached the Canossa palace they were met in the arched door-way by a stiffly attired Majordomo followed by six gorgeously dressed servants. Messer Burcardo stepped back respectfully to allow Madonna Olympia to ascend the stairs first. Entering one of the deserted halls he made three measured bows, each one deeper than the last, and bringing him a little nearer to the ladies, when he said slowly and with great solemnity: "Illustrissimi, Astorre Vicedomini sends me to invite you most humbly to his espousals this evening (he repressed with bitterness "in ten days") at the ringing of the vesper bell." —

Dante paused. Abundance of material for his romance lay before him but his severe taste led him to wish to simplify and arrange it.

"My Dante," said Cangrande, "I admire the strong clear-cut outlines with which you have drawn your Florentines. Niccolo Lippo dei Lippi was banished from Florence by a corrupt and unrighteous decree, but he himself is an extortioner, flatterer, liar, scoffer, cheat and coward, all after the manner of the Florentines. But this is only a faint shower compared with that fiery rain of denunciation which you have poured down on your beloved city, only one last drop of the gall and vinegar which you have given to the Florentines in some parts of your *Commedia*. Let me tell you it is ignoble to defame one's birthplace and to give your own mother cause to blush. It is not becoming. It does not make a good impression.

I will tell you of a puppet show which I saw the other day, while going about disguised among my people. You are perhaps shocked to hear that I have such low taste as to enjoy puppets and fools in my leisure moments. Yet imagine yourself standing with me before the little stage. What do you see? A man and his wife quarreling.



He whips her and she weeps. A neighbor puts his head in at the door, scolds the man, rebukes him, in short, interferes. But lo! the brave wife raises up against the intruder and takes the part of her husband. "What if it is my pleasure to be whipped," she sobs.

Even so, my Dante, a noble-spirited man if ill-treated by his father-land still says "What if it is my pleasure to be whipped?"

Many young keen eyes were directed upon the Florentine. He remained silent, with bowed head. What was passing in his mind no one knew, but when he raised his face again his brow was sadder, his mouth sterner and more severe. He listened. The wind howled round the turrets of the castle and blew open a loosely-fastened shutter in the apartment where the party were sitting. Monte Baldo had sent its first cold blast. They saw the flakes whirling about in the air lighted up by the fire on the hearth. The poet gazed at the snow-storm, and his days, which he felt were gliding away, seemed to him like these white flakes, hunted and driven through the air, lighted up only now and then by an unsteady gleam. He shivered with cold.

And his sympathetic listeners realized, as he did, that no true home, but only the uncertain favor of fickle patrons protected him from the storms of winter which were sweeping over fields and highways. All felt, but none more than Cangrande, whose spirit was indeed great and noble,—here sits a homeless wanderer.

The Prince rose and shaking the fóol like a feather from his mantle, went up to the exiled man and took him by the hand, and as he gave him his own place near the fire said, "This seat is yours, by right!" Dante did not gainsay it. Cangrande himself took possession of the empty stool. Here he could comfortably observe the two ladies, between whom the wanderer through the Inferno now sat. The firelight shone upon him, and he continued his story as follows:—

"While the vesper bells in Padua were sounding, there assembled under the stately rafters of the Vicedomini hall all the members that remained of the twelve noble families. They awaited the coming of the master of the house. Diana stood beside

her father and brother. A low murmur of talk went on. The men discussed gravely the political effect of this union of two great city families. The young people joked in an undertone over the idea of a married monk. The older ladies shuddered, in spite of the Pope's letter, at the sacrilege, and only those surrounded by growing daughters were disposed to regard it in a milder light and find excuses on the plea of the extraordinary pressure of circumstances, or the tender-heartedness of the monk. The maidens were one and all aglow with expectation.

The presence of Olympia Canossa caused wonder and uneasiness, for she was showily dressed, in regal style, as if prepared to take a prominent part in the approaching ceremony, and was now talking with strange eagerness and volubility to her daughter Antiope, who endeavoured, though apparently in vain, to calm her by whispered entreaties and caresses. Madonna Olympia had already been considerably offended on the stairs where, Messer Burcardo being occupied with the reception of two other

noble families, they had been greeted by Gocciola, holding most respectfully his new scarlet cap with the silver bells in his hands. She frightened or annoyed the other guests by her extravagant gesticulations. The poor creature was pointed at by everybody. No one else in the monk's place would ever have thought of inviting her, and they all felt sure she would play them one of her mad pranks.

Messer Burcardo announced his lord. In the afternoon Astorre having freed himself as soon as possible, from Germano, had returned to the bridge, where of course, neither the ring nor the ladies were to be found. He overwhelmed himself with reproaches, although in truth, chance only was to blame, and in the hours which remained to him before vespers, he framed the resolve to behave more circumspectly in future. Filled with this determination he now entered the hall and stepped into the midst of the assembly. The consciousness of being the object of general attention and the constraint and demands of society which he felt, so to speak, in the air, suggested to him that the bare truth, strong and hateful as it was, could not be spoken, but that he

must give it a milder and more pleasing aspect. He instinctively struck the mean between truth and conventionality and spoke as follows: —

“ Noble friends and fellow kinsmen: death has reaped a rich harvest among us Vicedomini. As I stand before you clothed in black I wear mourning for my father, three brothers and three nephews. Set free by the church, after mature deliberation and conscientious weighing of the matter before God (here his voice grew husky), I felt that I could not disregard or leave unfulfilled the wish of a dying father to perpetuate his race. You will judge this act of mine according to the justice and clemency inherent in you and either approve or condemn me. But in one point you will all agree, that, considering my past life it would have ill become me to hesitate and choose, and that only such a union could be pleasing in the sight of God as offered itself most naturally.

With whom could it seem more natural to form a lasting bond, than with this young widow to whom I am already united by my inconsolable grief for the loss of my dear

brother? Therefore I took this hand over the deathbed of my dear father, as I take it now," — he stepped up to Diana, led her into the centre of the room, — "and I put on her finger the betrothal ring."

[It was done. The ring fitted. Diana likewise put a ring on the monk's finger. "It belonged to my mother," she said, "who was a true and virtuous wife. I give thee a ring which has kept troth." A ceremonious murmur of congratulation, from all present, closed the solemn act,] and the aged Pizzi-guerra, a hale, white-haired old man, for avarice does not shorten one's existence, wept the usual tear.

[Madonna Olympia saw her dream castle burst into flames and burn with crackling timbers and falling pillars. She took one step forward as if to convince herself that her eyes were not deceiving her, then another, becoming ever wilder, and now she stood directly before Astorre and Diana, her gray hair bristling, while mad words, like the cries of an infuriated mob, poured from her lips.

"Wretch!" she shrieked, "against the ring on the finger of this lady protests another,

and the one which was first given." She grasped Antiope, who had followed her with increasing anxiety, drew her forward and raised the young girl's hand as she said, "This ring you put on the finger of my child near the shop of the Florentine upon the bridge not an hour ago:" for thus had she shaped the facts in her disordered brain.] "Infamous man! Treacherous monk! why does not the earth open and swallow you? We will hang the porter of your cloister, who snored over his pipe, and let you escape from your cell. If you would follow your guilty passions you might choose another prey than an unjustly persecuted, lonely widow, and an unprotected orphan.

The marble floor did not open, and the poor unhappy woman, who thought she was expressing her just indignation very mildly, read in the eyes of the guests surrounding her outright scorn, or pity of a wholly different kind from that which she had expected. She heard behind her whispered clearly the word "fool," and her rage burst out in crazy laughter. "Who is the fool here?" she asked with a scornful sneer; "who, but a fool,

could choose so stupidly between these two? I make you judges, you Signors and all who have eyes. Here is a charming little head and the fresh beauty of youth"; — {the rest I have forgotten } only this hint I remember distinctly, that among the young men, more than one might have been a rake. [All the youths — those who were virtuous and those who were not — closed their eyes and ears to the excited behaviour of a mother who was trampling under foot the modesty and reputation of the child that she had borne.]

Everybody in the hall pitied Antiope, except Diana who, though far from doubting the monk's truth, felt a species of resentment toward the beauty, so boldly paraded before her bridegroom.

Antiope may have done wrong in keeping the ring on her finger, perhaps she did it in order not to irritate farther her already distracted mother, and hoping the poor woman when undeceived by the reality, would, as usual, come down from her high horse, and after a few resentful glances and murmured words, resign herself to the inevitable; or perhaps the young Antiope had

herself dipped a finger in the bubbling fairy spring. Was not the meeting on the bridge strange indeed, and if she should be proved to have been the monk's choice, would it be more remarkable than the fate which had torn him from the cloister?

But if this was the case she now suffered a most cruel punishment. Her own mother had soiled her fair fame by unlicensed speech.

A deep blush, and a still deeper, covered her face and neck, then, in the general silence she began to weep loud and bitterly.

At this even the gray-haired Mænad stopped and listened. Then a frightful pain seemed to convulse her face and her rage increased. "And this other" she shrieked, pointing to Diana, "this broad piece of marble, scarcely hewed out of the rough, this ill-made giantess, which the Almighty Father formed when he was still an apprentice just learning to knead the dough, fie! fie! on this bungled clumsy body without life and soul, for who could have given her a soul? her bastard mother, the stupid Ossola? or that niggardly miser there? Only with reluctance has he given her the barest apology for one."

The old Pizziguerra stood perfectly unmoved; with the clear understanding of a miser he did not forget whom he had before him. But his daughter Diana forgot it. Beside herself, at the rude insult offered her, she frowned terribly, and clenched her hands, but, when the crazy woman attacked her parents, insulted her mother in the grave, and held up her father to general contempt, she lost all trace of self-control.

"Hound!" she exclaimed, and struck Antiope in the face, for the loving and courageous girl had thrown herself before her mother; Antiope uttered a cry which rang through the hall and thrilled to the heart every one present.

The wheel in the head of the poor crazy woman turned completely round. Her wild fury changed into piteous wailing. "They have beaten my child" she groaned, sank upon her knees and sobbed, "is there no longer any God in Heaven?"

With this the measure was full. It would have run over earlier, but that Fate rushed on quicker than my tongue could relate it, so quick indeed that neither the

monk, nor Germano standing close beside her saw Diana's uplifted arm in time to seize and restrain it. Ascanio grasped the mad woman round the waist, one of his friends took her by the feet and, scarcely resisting, she was carried out of the hall, put into her chair, and taken home.

Diana and Antiope remained standing face to face, one whiter than the other; Diana, contrite and repentant after her sudden fit of passion; Antiope struggling for words,—her lips moved, but no sound escaped them.

If the monk now seized Antiope's hand to give his escort to her, who had been so maltreated by his betrothed wife, he only fulfilled his chivalrous and hospitable duty. Everybody understood this. Diana, too, must surely desire to have the victim of her violence withdrawn from her sight. After a little while she departed with her father and brother, and the assembled guests likewise left as quickly as possible.]

There came a sound from under the table loaded with Cyprian wine and Amarella. A fool's cap appeared and Gocciola crept on all

fours out of his agreeable hiding-place. In his view the course things had taken was only too delightful, since now he had full freedom to gorge himself with Amarella, and to empty one glass after another. Thus he revelled for a time until he heard steps approaching. His first impulse was to fly, but casting an angry look on the intruder he deemed flight unnecessary. It was the monk returning to his princely home joyous, exultant, and quite as intoxicated as himself, for the monk —"

"Loved Antiope," interrupted the Prince's fair friend with a forced laugh.

"You have said it, lady," responded the narrator in a tragic tone, "he loved Antiope."

"Naturally." "How else?" "It must be so!" "'Tis the usual way!" resounded from all sides.

"Softly, young people," murmured Dante. "No, 'tis not the usual way. Do you think then that a love which implies the surrender of life and soul is an everyday affair? And do you really imagine that you have or are loving in this way? Undeceive yourselves. Everyone talks of spirits but few have seen

them. I will give you an indisputable proof of this. There is lying about in the house here a much-read storybook. Skimming through it I discovered amid plenty of rubbish one true word. "Love," says this book, "is rare, and generally comes to a bad end." Thus much Dante had said in all seriousness, then he went on playfully. "Since you are all so thoroughly versed in love, and especially since it does not fall within my province to instruct the young from my worthless head in such matters, I will pass by the treacherous soliloquy of the monk and say briefly that when the sensible Ascanio overheard it, he was alarmed and tried to reason with him."

"Will you mutilate your touching romance in this way, noble Dante?" said the excited friend of the Prince, as she turned toward the Florentine with imploring hands. "Pray, let us hear what the monk says, that our sympathy may be with him as we see him turn from a rough to a delicate nature; from a cold and stormy heart, to one that is warm and full of feeling."

"Yes, Florentine," interrupted the Prin-

cess with burning cheeks, "let your monk speak that we may hear with amazement how it was that Astorre, however inexperienced, and easily duped, could have been tempted to leave a noble woman for a wily flirt; for have you not perceived that Antiopé is a flirt? You know women little, however. In truth I assure you," she raised her powerful arm and rolled her fist—"that, I too would have struck, not the poor crazy woman, but, deliberately, the cunning flirt, who was determined at any cost to attract to herself the attention of the monk," and she struck the blow in the air. The friend of the Prince trembled.

Cangrande, who never took his eyes off the two ladies sitting opposite him, admired this display of passion on the part of his Princess. He found her, at that moment, incomparably more beautiful than the delicate little rival he had given her; the highest and deepest feelings only come to full expression in a strong body and powerful soul.

Dante, on his side, smiled, for the first and only time during this evening, as he saw

the two ladies contending so sharply over the action of his story. He even condescended to a touch of raillery.

"Princesses," said he, "what do you demand of me? Soliloquy is irrational: Does a wise man ever talk to himself?"

A saucy, curly-haired page now started up from behind a chair and cried: "How little, great Master, are you aware of what you have asserted! Know, Dante, that nobody talks more earnestly and volubly to himself than you. To such a degree indeed that you not only overlook stupid boys like myself, but, let even beauty pass disregarded."

"Really," replied Dante, "where was that and when?" "Yesterday upon the bridge," said the boy, smiling. "You were leaning upon its stone railing. The charming Lucrezia Nani passed by, almost touching your toga. We boys followed, admiring her, and two fiery soldiers hurried on to catch one glance from her soft eyes. She, however, sought yours, for not everyone has wandered at will through the Inferno. But you were watching the waves in the river, and murmuring something to yourself."

"I was sending a greeting to the far ocean. The waves were more beautiful than the maiden. Let us return to the two fools. And by all the Muses interrupt me no more, else midnight will find me still in the midst of the story."

"When the monk after leading Antiope home re-entered his hall—I forgot to say that he had not met Ascanio, although his friend had gone the same way in conveying Madonna Olympia to her castle—but as soon as Ascanio had committed the lady into the hands of her servants he had hastened to his uncle, the tyrant, that he might retail to him the whole affair as the last joke. He would ten times rather any day inform Ezzelin of a city scandal than of a conspiracy. I know not whether the monk really was as handsome as Ascanio painted him, but I see him enter his hall radiant with the flush of youth and as if borne onward by the zephyrs with flying feet that skimmed the ground. His eyes are full of sunlight and he murmurs rapturous words. Gocciola who had drunk a great deal of Cyprian wine likewise felt

happy and rejuvenated, under his feet also the marble floor resolved itself into a white cloud. He felt an unconquerable thirst to catch the words as they fell from Astorre's fresh lips and began to measure the length of the hall beside him, half-striding, half-skipping, the fool's sceptre under his arm.

"The loving head, once offered for the father, has again made a sacrifice of itself for the mother," murmured Astorre, "Those delicate cheeks, how they tingled under the insult! the poor abused maiden, how her cries wrung all our hearts! Has she ever been out of my thoughts since she lay on the block? She has dwelt in my soul. She has accompanied me, present everywhere, floating through my prayers, beaming in my cell, her head upon my pillow. The darling head with the slender little white neck, did I not see it even beside that of St. Paul!"

"Of St. Paul?" giggled the fool "of the St. Paul in our altar picture, with the rough black hair, and the red neck on the low broad block and the executioner's axe over it?" Gocciola sometimes performed his devotions in the Franciscan church.

The monk nodded. "When I gazed at it long the axe seemed to quiver and I shuddered. Have I not confessed this to the prior?"

"And what did the prior say?" enquired Gocciola.

"My son" said he, "what you saw was a child heralding the triumphant procession of the heavenly hosts. Fear not; to that ambrosial neck, no harm can come."

"But" insinuated the wicked fool, "the child has grown up. So high!" He raised his hand, then bringing it gradually down nearly to the ground, grinned, "and the cowl of your lordship has dropt so low."

Vulgarity could not touch the monk. From Antiope's hand he had caught a creative spark which now began to glow in his veins, at first mildly and tenderly, but soon more and more fiercely until it overmastered him completely and obliterated all considerations. "Praised be the Lord Almighty" he burst out joyfully, "who has created man and woman."

"Eve?" asked the fool.

"Antiope" replied the monk.

"And the other one, the tall one, what will you do with her? Will you send her a-begging?" and Gocciola wiped his eyes.

"What other?" asked the monk. "Is there any other beside Antiope?"

This was too much even for the fool. He stared at the monk with open mouth, but was suddenly seized by a hand on his collar, dragged toward the door and dropped on the pavement. The same hand was then laid on Astorre's shoulder. "Wake up, dreamer!" cried Ascanio, who had returned and heard the monk's last ecstatic speech. He drew the enthusiast down upon the window-seat, looked him straight in the eyes, and said, "Astorre you are out of your senses."

The monk at first lowered his eyes before this searching look, as if blinded by it, then for a moment met it with his own, full of rapture and said in a quiet tone, "Do you wonder?"

"As little as I would at the kindling of a flame," replied Ascanio. "Since however, you are not a blind element but a reason and a will, trample out the flame else it will consume you and all Padua. Must a child of

the world teach you the Divine and Human law? [You are betrothed. This ring on your finger declares it. If you, having first broken your vow, now break your engagement, you war against custom, duty, honor, and the peace of the city. If you do not quickly and heroically draw out of your heart the arrow of the blind god, it will kill you, Antiope, and a few others, who may chance to be in its way. Astorre! Astorre!"]

Ascanio's merry lips were astonished at the great and earnest words, which, in the anguish of his heart, he gave them to utter. "Thy good name Astorre," he added half jokingly, "brays like a trumpet, calling thee to fight against thyself."

Astorre mastered himself. "They have given me a philter," he exclaimed. "I rave, I am crazy. Ascanio, I give myself into thy power,—Chain me!"

"I will chain you to Diana," said Ascanio, "follow me that we may find her."

"Was it not Diana who struck Antiope?" asked the monk.

"Oh, you have dreamed the whole thing, you were out of your senses. Come, I con-

jure you, nay, command you. I take you by force and lead you."

If Ascanio had wished to chase away the ugly truth, the clinking sound of Germano's heels upon the floor brought it all back. With resolute face Diana's brother came up to the monk and seized his hand saying: "A disturbed feast, brother-in-law. My sister sends me — no, I deceive you — she did not send me for she has locked herself up in her chamber and there she sits bemoaning and cursing her violence; to-day we are drowned in women's tears. She loves thee, but cannot bring it over her lips to say so, it is in our family, I cannot say such things either. She has never for an instant doubted thee. The explanation is simple — You have by accident lost a ring, or flung it away, if it was yours, which the little Canossa (what is her name), Antiope, had on her finger. The crazy mother found it and spun this yarn about it. Antiope is, of course, as innocent as a new-born babe, of the whole affair, — who says otherwise must answer to me."

"Not I," cried Astorre. "Antiope is pure as an angel. The ring rolled to her feet by

chance," and he went on with hurried words to explain the matter.

"But, my sister's action, can you find no excuse for that, Astorre?" pleaded Germano. "The blood rushed to her head, and she did not see whom she had before her. She meant to strike the mad woman who had insulted her parents, and hit instead this dear innocent girl. She must be restored to honor and respect before God and man. Let this be my duty, brother-in-law,—I am her brother—it is simple."

"You speak with assurance, Germano, but your meaning is not clear. What do you propose? [How will you make amends to the poor girl?" asked Ascanio.

"It is simple," repeated Germano. "I will offer Antiope Canossa my hand, and will make her my wife."

Ascanio put his hand to his brow. The proposal almost stunned him. As he rapidly considered and looked at it more closely, the heroic resource did not seem to him so bad, but he cast an anxious look at the monk. Astorre, master of himself once more maintained absolute silence and listened at-

tentively. The soldier's fine sense of honor, with his directness, seemed to echo and re-echo like a clear call through the desert of his soul.

“Thus I can hit two birds with one stone, Brother-in-law,” explained Germano. “The maiden is reinstated in her honor and chastity. I should like to see who would whisper behind my wife's back, and I make peace between you two married people. Diana no longer needs to feel ashamed and mortified before you, or before herself, and is at the same time thoroughly cured of her violent temper. She is cured of it for life, I assure you.”

Astorre pressed his hand. “You are a brave honest man,” he said. The determination to overcome his own earthly, or heavenly passion strengthened in him. Yet this resolve was not free, and this virtue not unselfish, for it was attached to a dangerous sophism, viz:—“as I embrace an unloved woman, Antiope will be embraced by an unloved man, who marries her off-hand to make reparation for another's fault; penance and renunciation are everywhere in the world as in the cloister.”

"What must be done, I propose shall not be delayed," urged Germano, "else she will toss about all night without sleep," (I do not know whether he meant Diana, or Antiope). "Brother-in-law, go with me as witness, we will do it, in proper form."

"No, no," cried Ascanio, frightened, "not Astorre: take me!"

Germano shook his head, "Ascanio, my friend, you are not suited for this. You are not a sufficiently grave witness in affairs of marriage. Moreover, my brother, Astorre would not let anybody else woo for me. It is indeed to a great extent his own matter. Is it not Astorre?" The monk bowed. "Prepare then directly, Brother-in-law. Make yourself fine. Throw a gold chain over your dress."

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"And," said Ascanio, with a forced laugh, "as you pass through the court dip your head in the fountain."

"But you, Germano, are in such warlike armor! is it suited for wooing?"

"It is long since I have been out of armor, and it becomes me. Why are you looking at me, with such scrutiny, from head to foot, Ascanio?"

"I am asking myself whence this mailed knight derives his assurance that he will not be pitched into the moat together with his scaling ladder?"

"There can be no question in this case," tranquilly opined Germano "will she, insulted and beaten, as she has been, refuse the hand of a knight? If so, she is a greater fool than her mother—that is clear as the sun, Ascanio. Come, Astorre!"

Whilst with folded arms the friend thus left behind reflected on the new turn things had taken, questioning whether it led to a play-ground for happy children or to the Campo Santo, his young companions walked across the piazza which divided them from the Canossa palace.

The cloudless day was dying in a sunset of molten gold, and the *Ave* was ringing. The monk repeated to himself the usual prayer, and the chimes of the cloister, which stood somewhat high, prolonged the familiar sound by a few sad peaceful strokes after the city bells were hushed. The monk was conscious of sharing in the universal peace.

Just then his eyes were attracted to the

chance," and he went on with hurried words to explain the matter.

"But, my sister's action, can you find no excuse for that, Astorre?" pleaded Germano. "The blood rushed to her head, and she did not see whom she had before her. She meant to strike the mad woman who had insulted her parents, and hit instead this dear innocent girl. She must be restored to honor and respect before God and man. Let this be my duty, brother-in-law,—I am her brother—it is simple."

"You speak with assurance, Germano, but your meaning is not clear. What do you propose? [How will you make amends to the poor girl?" asked Ascanio.

"It is simple," repeated Germano. "I will offer Antiope Canossa my hand, and will make her my wife."

Ascanio put his hand to his brow. The proposal almost stunned him. As he rapidly considered and looked at it more closely, the heroic resource did not seem to him so bad, but he cast an anxious look at the monk. Astorre, master of himself once more maintained absolute silence and listened at-

tentively. The soldier's fine sense of honor, with his directness, seemed to echo and re-echo like a clear call through the desert of his soul.

“Thus I can hit two birds with one stone, Brother-in-law,” explained Germano. “The maiden is reinstated in her honor and chastity. I should like to see who would whisper behind my wife’s back, and I make peace between you two married people. Diana no longer needs to feel ashamed and mortified before you, or before herself, and is at the same time thoroughly cured of her violent temper. She is cured of it for life, I assure you.”

Astorre pressed his hand. “You are a brave honest man,” he said. The determination to overcome his own earthly, or heavenly passion strengthened in him. Yet this resolve was not free, and this virtue not unselfish, for it was attached to a dangerous sophism, viz:—“as I embrace an unloved woman, Antiope will be embraced by an unloved man, who marries her off-hand to make reparation for another’s fault; penance and renunciation are everywhere in the world as in the cloister.”

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words, Antiope Canossa, will you be my wife or not?"

Antiope moved her little head gently and softly, but it was in distinct refusal.

"Well, I have my answer" said Germano, drily, "Come brother-in-law," and he quitted the hall with as firm a step as he had entered it. The monk, however, did not follow him.]

Astorre remained in his supplicating attitude, then, trembling, seized Antiope's quivering hands and drew them away from her face. [Which mouth sought the other I know not, for it had become perfectly dark in the room; it was so still also that if their ears had not been filled with sounds of rapturous joy the lovers might have heard the prayers murmured in an adjoining apartment.] Next to Antiope's room, though some steps below it, was the home chapel, and on the morrow the third anniversary of the death of Count Canossa was there to be solemnized. Immediately after the city bells tolled the hour of midnight, masses for his soul were to be read in presence of the widow and orphaned child. The priest was already on the spot waiting for his assistants.

As little as the subterranean murmur did they hear the shuffling of Madonna Olympia's slippers, who was seeking her daughter and now by the scant light of the house-lantern, which she bore in her hand, was quietly and earnestly watching the lovers. That the boldest lie of an extravagant imagination had become a fact before her eyes, in these tenderly entwined forms, did not astonish Madonna Olympia, nor on the other hand did she feel any revenge toward Diana. She was not revelling in the bitter pangs now in store for the haughty Pizziguerra. Her simple motherly joy at seeing her child justly valued and loved overpowered every other emotion.

When at last, struck by a sharp beam from her lantern, the two looked up surprised, she asked in a tender natural voice, "Astorre Vicedomini, do you love Antiope Canossa?"

"Beyond all else," was his reply. "And will defend her?" "Against a world," he cried boldly. "That is right," she said graciously, "but you mean it honestly, do you not? You will not disown her, as you have done Diana? You are not fooling me!

You will not make a poor distracted creature, as they call me, more unhappy? You will not leave my little girl again to be disgraced? You will not seek for excuses or delays? You will give certainty to my eyes and like brave knight and good Christian lead her at once to the altar. Nor have you far to go, for a priest (do you hear that murmur?) is kneeling at this moment in the chapel down there."

And she opened a low door behind which a few steep stairs led down into the sanctuary. Astorre turned his head; under the rough vault before a small altar, by the flickering light of candles, a bare-footed monk was praying, who in age and stature reminded him of himself, and who also wore the rope and cowl of the order of St. Francis.

I believe that this bare-footed friar must have been sent by Providence to kneel and pray here exactly at this hour in order to warn and frighten Astorre for the last time, but in his burning veins the medicine turned to poison. At sight of this representative of his former life a spirit of defiance and a determination to free himself from rules and restrictions took possession of him.

"At one leap I set myself free from my first vow," he said, derisively, "and saw the barriers fall beneath me, why not do so with the second? My saints have not sustained me in my hour of trial, perhaps they will save and defend the sinner;" and the bewildered man, clasping Antiope in his arms, bore rather than led her down the steps.

Madonna Olympia, who after a brief interval of reason relapsed into madness, had slammed the heavy door behind the monk and her child, as if it were a trap in which to catch her prey, and was now stopping herself to listen at the key-hole.

What she saw no one knows. It was said later that Astorre, with drawn sword, had threatened and overpowered the Franciscan. This is impossible, for Astorre never girded on a sword in his life. It may be nearer true, sad to say, that the monk was corrupt and that the purse Astorre took with him when he went to buy the wedding-ring for Diana wandered into the pocket of the cowed brother.

But that at first the priest refused, that the two monks wrestled with one another, and

that the ponderous vault hid a direful scene, this I read in the convulsed and terrified face of the listener.] Donna Olympia understood that a crime of some sort was being committed and that she, as the inciter and accomplice of the same, had exposed herself to the power of the law, and the revenge of the woman who was betrayed. Being already overwrought by the return of the day on which her husband had been beheaded, she imagined that her own crazy head was likewise doomed to the block. [She fancied she heard the step of Ezzelin approaching and fled screaming "Help! Murder!"

The distracted woman rushed to the entrance hall where a window looked out upon the narrow inner court. "My mule! My chair!" she cried in the same breath, and her servants, laughing at the double command, since the mule was for the country and the chair for the town, came slowly and leisurely out of a corner, where they had been drinking and gambling by the light of one poor lantern. An old groom who alone remained faithful to his unhappy mistress saddled two mules and led them

through the gate up to the vestibule of the palace, which opened upon a little street. He had many a time before accompanied Donna Olympia on some crazy errand. The others followed with the chair, laughing and cracking jokes.

Hurrying down the steps the madwoman ran against Ascanio, who, uneasy at hearing no further tidings, had come in person to find out what was going on.

"Has anything happened to Signora?" he asked eagerly.

"Yes, a misfortune," she croaked hoarsely, like a flying raven, and springing upon her beast spurred it with crazy heels and disappeared in the darkness.

Ascanio groped his way through the dark chambers until he reached Antiope's room, which was still lighted by the lamp Madonna Olympia had left standing there. As he looked around, the door of the house-chapel opened, and two happy spirits ascended from the depths. The strong-hearted man began to tremble. "Astorre, hast thou married her?" he asked. The fatal word as it echoed and re-echoed through the lofty

~ vault sounded like the last trump. "And hast Diana's ring on thy finger?"

Astorre wrenched it off and flung it away.

Ascanio flew to the open window through which the ring had vanished. "It has fallen into a crevice between the stones," said some one from the street below. Ascanio recognized turbans and helmets. They were the governor's body-guard who had begun their nightly round.

"One word with you Abu Mahommed," cried he, quickly resolved, to a white-haired old man who politely replied, "Thy wish is my command!" and with two other Saracens instantly disappeared in the gate-way to the palace.


Abu Mahommed al Tabib not only watched over the safety of the streets but likewise had entrance into all the houses in order to take under custody traitors to the Empire, or those whom the Governor regarded as such. Emperor Frederic had sent him as a present to his son-in-law the Tyrant, that he might organize for him a Saracen body-guard, and he had remained as their

chief in Padua.] Abu Mahommed had a fine presence and winning manners. He sympathized with the grief of a family from which he was obliged to take one of its members to the prison, or the block, and comforted the afflicted, in his broken Italian, by quoting proverbs from the Arab poets. I suspect that he owed his nickname, "al Tabib" which means "the physician," even if he may have possessed some chirurgical knowledge, first and foremost to certain ways that reminded one of a kind physician; encouraging gestures, soothing words, as for example, "it does not hurt," "it is quickly over," with which the disciples of Galen are accustomed to preface painful operations. In short, Abu Mahommed handled his tragical duty with tenderness and, at the time of my story, was far from being a hated personality in Padua, despite his severe and bitter office. Later when the tyrant found a pleasure in torturing the bodies of men (a thing which you cannot believe, Cangrande), Abu Mahommed left him and returned to his kind-hearted Emperor.

Upon the threshold of the chamber Abu

Mahommed motioned to his three attendants to stop. The German who bore the torch, a defiant-looking fellow, did not wait long however. To-day, at the vesper hour he had accompanied Germano to the palace of the Vicedomini and the latter had said to him, laughingly, "Leave me now, I am going to espouse my dear sister Diana to the monk." The German knew his commander's sister and had a sort of quiet admiration for her with her stately figure, and honest eyes. When now he saw the monk, by whose side he rode at mid-day, hand in hand with a delicate little woman, who compared with the magnificent stature of Diana, seemed like a doll, he suspected breach of faith, flung his burning torch angrily upon the stone floor, from which one of the Saracens carefully picked it up, and hurried off to acquaint Germano with the monk's treason.

Ascanio, divining the German's intention, begged Abu Mahommed to call him back, but he refused. "He would not obey," he said meekly, "and he is quite capable of slaughtering two or three of my attendants. In what other way can I serve you, Signor?



Shall I imprison these blushing young people?"

"Astorre, they will separate us," shrieked Antiope, and sought refuge in the arms of the monk. The crime at the altar, although committed with a guileless soul, had robbed her of her natural courage. The monk on the other hand, emboldened and inspired by his guilty act, took one step toward the Saracen, and snatched his sword from its sheath. "Carefully, boy, you might cut yourself!" said Abu Mahommed good-naturedly.

"Let me tell you Abu," explained Ascanio, "this frantic man is my friend, and was for many years the monk Astorre, whom you surely must have seen in the streets of Padua. His own father cheated him out of his cloister vows and betrothed him to a woman he did not love. A few hours ago he exchanged rings with her, and now, as you see him here, he is the husband of another."

"Fate," interposed the Saracen gently.

"And the betrayed one" continued Ascanio, "is Diana Pizziguerra, Germano's

sister. You know Germano; he is trustful and confiding by nature, but when he finds that he has been deceived, the blood rushes to his eyes and he kills."

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"You may," said Mahommed, as if to reassure him.

At this Antiope clung to the monk, crying even more piteously than at first. "They will separate me from you. Do not leave me Astorre, not for an hour, not for a moment, or I shall die!" The monk lifted his sword.

Ascanio, who abhorred all violence, turned appealingly to the Saracen. With fatherly eyes the old man gazed at the lovers. "Oh let the poor shades cling together," he said in a soft tone, "do not begrudge the poor loving butterflies this one hour," — [either he was a philosopher and held life as an empty show, or he suspected that they would indeed be shades on the morrow through the condemnation of Ezzelin.]

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The Saracen approached the monk and

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Through a dark narrow court the hurried procession now moved onward. Antiope first, borne by four Saracens, at her side the monk and Ascanio, then the whole turbaned band, Abu Mahommed bringing up the rear.

They pursued their way across a small square, and passed a dimly-lighted church and as they were entering a dark lane on the other side of it, ran violently against a procession followed by an enormous crowd of people. A tumult arose. "Room for the Sposina," the people cried. Choir-boys brought out of the church long candles, whose flickering flames they protected with their hands. The dim yellow light revealed a litter and a bier. The Sposina was a young plebeian bride who had died suddenly; they were bearing her corpse to the grave.

Antiope sprang from her chair, and the assembled people recognized the monk, who threw his arms protectingly around her, while they knew he had been betrothed this very day to Diana Pizziguerra. Abu Mahommed, however, commanded order, and it was soon restored, so that without further adventure they reached the palace.


Astorre and Antiope were received by the servants with looks of astonishment. They quickly entered the door-way and vanished without bidding farewell even to Abu Mahommed and Ascanio. The latter wrapt himself in his cloak, and accompanied the Saracen a few steps further, as he made his nightly round of the castle where he was on guard, counting its gates, and measuring with his eyes the height of the walls.

["An eventful day," said Ascanio. "A blessed night;" answered the Saracen looking at the star-sown heavens.]

The eternal lights, whether ruling human fate or not, moved on according to their own silent laws, until Aurora with flaming torch kindled a new day, the last Astorre and Antiope were ever to see.

In the early morning hour, the tyrant and his nephew looked down through a little round window in his tower upon the square beneath. It was filled with an excited multitude, and the busy hum of voices rose like the surge of ocean-billows.

The news of the encounter of Antiope's chair with the bier yesterday evening, and the excitement it caused had flown through the city with the speed of lightning. All heads, waking or dreaming, were occupied with nothing but the monk and his wedding; — not only had he sacreligiously broken his vows to heaven, but now his earthly ones as well; he had betrayed his bride, flung his ring away, and with rashly-kindled passion wooed another, a fifteen year old maiden, just budding into life. The tyrant, who would countenance no illegal proceedings, ordered the house, in which the two sinners were concealed, to be guarded by his Saracens; he meant to-day to bring to judgment the misdeeds of the two aristocrats; — for the young Antiope was a Canossa; — to restore the chaste Diana to her rightful position, and, lest the virtue of his people should suffer



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The tyrant, while he fixed his eyes on the seething crowd below, listened to Ascanio's account of what happened yesterday. [The love of the two young people did not move him at all, but the incident of the ring struck him as a new manifestation of Fate. "I blame you for not having torn them apart at once. I approve your having put them under arrest. The betrothal with Diana is legal. The Sacrament, forced by the sword, or bought with the purse, is null and void. The priest who allowed himself to be frightened or bribed, deserves the gallows, and if caught will swing. Once more, why did not you step between the untutored boy and the child? Why did you not wrench an ecstatic fool out of the arms of a poor bewildered maiden? You gave her to him! Now they are man and wife."

Ascanio, who, after a good night's sleep had regained his light-heartedness, concealed a smile. "Ha, Epicurean!" said Ezzelin reproachfully. But in a coaxing tone As-

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canio answered, "It is done, my illustrious uncle, and now if you will only take the case into your powerful hands everything will be righted. I have summoned both parties. If you have the will, Ezzelin, by your firm judicious hand this knot is easily untied. Love is a spendthrift; and avarice knows not honor. The enamoured monk will gladly fling to the base miser, old Pizziguerra, whatever sum of money he desires. Germano will draw his sword; no doubt, you must bid him thrust it back into its scabbard. He is your man! He will gnash his teeth but he will obey."

"I ask myself," said Ezzelin, "whether I do right to defend the monk from the sword of Germano. Is Astorre to be allowed to live? Can he live, having flung aside the sandal of the monk, and trodden the newly-donned shoe of the knight in the mire resolving the *Cantus firmus* of the monastery into the yell of a vulgar street-song? I may do my best to lengthen out the existence of this vacillating, worthless man, but can I ward off his fate? If Astorre is destined to die by the hand of Germano I

may command the latter to lower his sword, yet the former will run upon it. I know this; I have experienced it;" and he fell to brooding.

[Ascanio turned his face away. He knew a cruel history.]

The tyrant had once besieged and taken a castle where the rebels, who had held out against him, were all condemned to the sword. One of the soldiers was appointed to execute this command. Among the first to receive the death-stroke knelt a beautiful boy, whose features attracted the tyrant. Ezzelin detected in them a resemblance to his own, and inquired of the youth his name and origin. He proved to be the son of a woman whom Ezzelin had loved and wronged years before. He pardoned the condemned. The boy, excited, urged on by his own curiosity, and perhaps by the envious taunts of those who had lost their sons or relations by this bloody sentence, did not rest until he had solved the mystery of his preference. He is said to have drawn the dagger against his own mother and thus obliged her to confess the wretched secret. The dis-

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Mahommed motioned to his three attendants to stop. The German who bore the torch, a defiant-looking fellow, did not wait long however. To-day, at the vesper hour he had accompanied Germano to the palace of the Vicedomini and the latter had said to him, laughingly, "Leave me now, I am going to espouse my dear sister Diana to the monk." The German knew his commander's sister and had a sort of quiet admiration for her with her stately figure, and honest eyes. When now he saw the monk, by whose side he rode at mid-day, hand in hand with a delicate little woman, who compared with the magnificent stature of Diana, seemed like a doll, he suspected breach of faith, flung his burning torch angrily upon the stone floor, from which one of the Saracens carefully picked it up, and hurried off to acquaint Germano with the monk's treason.

Ascanio, divining the German's intention, begged Abu Mahommed to call him back, but he refused. "He would not obey," he said meekly, "and he is quite capable of slaughtering two or three of my attendants. In what other way can I serve you, Signor?

Shall I imprison these blushing young people?"

"Astorre, they will separate us," shrieked Antiope, and sought refuge in the arms of the monk. The crime at the altar, although committed with a guileless soul, had robbed her of her natural courage. The monk on the other hand, emboldened and inspired by his guilty act, took one step toward the Saracen, and snatched his sword from its sheath. "Carefully, boy, you might cut yourself!" said Abu Mahommed good-naturedly.

"Let me tell you Abu," explained Ascanio, "this frantic man is my friend, and was for many years the monk Astorre, whom you surely must have seen in the streets of Padua. His own father cheated him out of his cloister vows and betrothed him to a woman he did not love. A few hours ago he exchanged rings with her, and now, as you see him here, he is the husband of another."

"Fate," interposed the Saracen gently.

"And the betrayed one" continued Ascanio, "is Diana Pizziguerra, Germano's

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closure of his illegitimacy poisoned his young soul. He conspired anew against the tyrant, fell upon him in the street, and was cut down by the same soldier who had before lifted the sword to kill him, and now happened to be the first to come to Ezzelin's rescue.

Ezzelin, whilst reflecting on the fate of his son, dropped his head and covered his face with his right hand. Then he raised it slowly and asked, "But what is to become of Diana?"

Ascanio shrugged his shoulders. "Diana was born under an evil star," he said. "She has had to resign two husbands, one to the Brenta, the other to a more lovely woman; and added to all this her miserly father! She must retire into a convent,—what else remains for her?"

At this moment a tumult arose in the square below,—murmurs, threats, curses were heard on all sides; irritated individuals shouted and yelled, but just as the single voices seemed about to unite in the one hideous cry, "Death to the Monk!" the fury of the mob changed singularly, and only

a long-drawn note of admiration and amazement, and "Ah! Ah! how beautiful she is!" passed from mouth to mouth.] Through the window the tyrant and Ascanio could comfortably watch this scene. Saracens on slender Arab steeds surrounded the monk Astorre, and his young wife, both borne along by mules. [The new Vicedomini rode veiled, but when the thousand hands of the people were raised in violence to attack the monk, her husband, she threw her arms passionately around him. The hasty movement tore her veil. It was not alone the charm of her face, nor the youthful beauty of her figure, which had disarmed the crowd; but the full play of her spirit, the unreserved feeling, the living inspiration, which transported every one, as it had the monk the day before, who now moved on like a triumphant victor with his spoils, fearing nothing, and with the air of one who bore a charmed life.

Ezzelin observed this conquest of beauty almost with contempt, but turned with interest toward a second procession which was entering the square from the other side. Three nobles, accompanied like Astorre, by

a large number of people, were making their way through the crowd. Conspicuous among them rose the snow-white head of the old Pizziguerra, on his left Germano. The wrath of the soldier-knight yesterday had been terrible, when his German brought him the news of Astorre's treachery. He was rushing forward to take instant revenge when he was met and restrained by the Saracen who brought him the summons to appear at the palace of the governor early on the following morning. He was then obliged to tell his sister of the monk's crime, which he would have preferred to conceal from her until after he had avenged the wrong. She had received the tidings with perfect composure, and now rode on her father's right, the same as ever, save that her stately head was bowed one shade lower by the heavy thought it bore.

The crowd that a minute ago would have proclaimed with a sort of wrathful triumph the coming of the injured one to claim her rights, now, dazzled by the beauty of Antiope, comprehending, but at the same time forgiving the treachery of the monk, contented

themselves with sympathetic murmurs, such as — “the poor soul, always unfortunate, always sacrificed!”]

The five now entered the bare hall where the tyrant was sitting in a chair raised a few steps above the ground. The contending parties respectfully took their places opposite each other; here Pizziguerra and a little at one side the grand form of Diana, there the monk and Antiope with hands locked together. Ascanio leaned against the high chair of the tyrant, as if he would take an impartial position between his two old comrades.

“Signors,” began Ezzelin, “I shall not treat your case as a state affair, where breach of faith is treason, and this treason a capital offense, but simply as a family matter. In fact the Pizziguerra, the Vicedomini and the Canossa are of as noble blood as myself, only the favor of his august majesty has made me governor over these your lands.” Ezzelin bowed his head in recognition of the higher power; he could not uncover it, for he was accustomed to go bare-headed through all kinds of wind and weather, except when

“Take my pearl fisheries also,” cried Astorre, but Ascanio came gliding down the — steps and closed his mouth with his hand.

“Noble Pizziguerra, take the mines,” said Ezzelin persuasively, “I know the honor of your house is beyond everything and is not to be bought at any price, but I know likewise that you are a good Paduan and will — stretch a point for the peace of your city.”

The old man remained obstinately silent.

“Take the mine he offers, and let him keep his own mine of joy!” urged Ezzelin, who enjoyed a play upon words.

“The mines and the fisheries?” asked the old man as if hearing with difficulty.

“The mines, I said, and nothing else. They yield many thousand pounds annually. If you should demand more, Pizziguerra, I should feel myself deceived in you and you would certainly expose yourself to the hateful suspicion of chaffering over your honor.”

The old miser was afraid of the tyrant, and since he dared not demand any more, gulped down his vexation and extended to the monk his withered hand. “We must have it in writing,” he said, “since life is uncertain.”

good genius" joyfully interposed the monk) would have been drawn off her finger again. Therefore Signors, help me to unravel and smooth out this intricate matter, for, if you insist on stern justice I must first and foremost condemn myself.

This extraordinary speech did not put the old Pizziguerra out of countenance and when the tyrant turning to him said, "My noble lord you are the complainant," he replied briefly, "Eccellenza, Astorre Vicedomini betrothed himself publicly and in the regular form to my child Diana, and then without Diana's having offended him in any way, broke his engagement. This inexcusable, illegal, sacriligious deed, weighs heavily, and demands, if not blood, which your Grace does not wish to shed, a heavy penalty," and he made the gestures of a shopkeeper piling weight upon weight into his scales.

["Without Diana's having offended him?" repeated the tyrant. "It seems to me she did offend. Had she not an insane woman before her? Yet Diana reviled and struck. Diana gives way to violent passion when she thinks her rights infringed."] ✓

Diana nodded and said, "You speak the truth, Ezzelin!"

"And this it was," continued the tyrant, "which turned Astorre's heart away from her, he saw in her a barbarian."

"No, my Prince," contradicted the monk, insulting the betrayed one afresh, "I never looked at Diana, I only saw the sweet face which received the blow, and my whole soul was moved to pity and love."

[The tyrant shrugged his shoulders. "You see, Pizziguerra," he smiled, "the monk is like a maiden who for the first time has tasted strong wine and behaves accordingly. But we are old sober people; we must contrive some settlement of this affair."

Pizziguerra answered, "Much, Ezzelin, would I do to please you, because of your great service to Padua. Yet can the insulted honor of our house be propitiated otherwise than with the sword?" Thus speaking Diana's father made a stately flourish with his arm which somehow ended in a movement very like that of a man who holds out his hand to be filled.

"Astorre, make an offer!" said the gov-

error with the double meaning, "either of your hand, or your money and lands."

["My Prince," and the monk now turned frankly and nobly to the tyrant, "if you call me unstable, or bereft of my senses, I cannot blame you, for a powerful God whom I denied, because I did not suspect his existence, has taken his revenge and completely overpowered me. Even now he drives me like a storm-wind whirling my mantle over my head. Must my happiness—oh, beggarly word!—must the highest boon of my life be paid for with my life? I accept it and find the price all too low. But if I may live, and live with her, I will not haggle," and he added with a blissful smile, "take my entire fortune, Pizziguerra?"

"My friend," pursued the tyrant, "I will assume the guardianship of this spendthrift-lover. Let me negotiate with you, Pizziguerra. You hear that he has given me full power to do so. What do you say to the mines of the Vicedomini?"

The old man preserved a decent silence, but his eyes which were near together glistened like two diamonds.

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He drew from his girdle-pocket a small account book and pencil, scratched with trembling fingers a rough draft of the title deed and gave it to the monk to sign. This done, he bowed before the governor and because of his feeble health begged to be excused, although one of the twelve, from attending the monk's marriage-feast.

Germano had stood beside his father burning with rage. Now he unfastened one of his iron gloves and would have flung it into the monk's face had not a commanding gesture of the tyrant's bidden him halt.

"Son, will you break the public peace?" interposed the old Pizziguerra. "My word given, includes and guarantees yours. Obey or be cursed. I will disinherit you!" he threatened.

[Germano laughed. "Attend to your own dirty bargains, father," he replied contemptuously. "Yet surely you, Ezzelin, Lord of Padua, will not hinder me. It is my manly right and a private affair. If I refuse obedience to the Emperor, and to thee, his governor, have me beheaded: but with your sense of justice you will not hinder me from

throttling this monk who has fooled and deceived me and my sister. If falsehood is to go unpunished who would wish to live? This earth is a place too small for the monk and me to inhabit together. He will understand this himself when he comes to his senses."

"Germano," said Ezzelin, "I am thy commander-in-chief. Tomorrow the trumpet may summon us to the battle-field. Thou belongest not alone to thyself or to thy family, but to the Empire."

Germano made no answer. He re-fastened his glove. Then he exclaimed, "In old times, among the blind heathen, there was a god who avenged breaches of faith. I don't think this has changed with the ringing of church bells. To Him I commit my cause! and he ended by lifting his hands fervently to heaven.

"Then it is in good hands," and Ezzelin smiled. "This evening the wedding is to be celebrated with masks in the Vicedomini palace, according to custom. I give the feast and invite you Germano and Diana. Not in armor, Germano, with short sword!"

"Cruel," groaned the soldier. "Come, father, how can you longer make a spectacle of our disgrace?" And he dragged the old man away with him.

"And you Diana?" asked Ezzelin, as he saw that she alone and the newly-married pair were still before his judgement seat. "Do you not accompany your father and brother?" "If you will permit me," said she, "I have a word to say to this lady," and overlooking the monk, fastened her eyes upon Antiope.

Antiope, whose hand had all this time rested in that of the monk, followed the whole proceeding with deep interest, and though a passive spectator evinced a series of lively emotions. Now she blushed with a young wife's first love, then she turned pale with a feeling of guilt as she discovered under Ezzelin's smile and gracious words his real condemnation of them. One moment she exulted like a child escaping punishment, and the next showed a dawning consciousness of her dignity as the wife of the new Vicedomini. But when Diana addressed her she cast a shy inimical look at her powerful rival.

[Diana, however, was not to be turned aside. "See here Antiope, my finger bears your husband's ring;" she stretched it out, "This you must not forget. I am not superstitious as most people, but in your place I confess it would disturb my peace of mind. Deeply as you have sinned against me I will nevertheless be good and merciful to you. According to custom this evening your marriage is to be celebrated with masks. I shall appear to you. Come repentant and humbly to draw this ring yourself from my finger."]

Antiope uttered a cry of fear and clung to her husband, where protected by his arms she said excitedly, "I am to humble myself, what do you bid me Astorre? My honor is thine, I am no longer aught but thy property, thy heart, thy breath of life, thy soul. If thou allow or command it, then —"

Astorre tenderly soothed his wife, and turning to Diana said, "She will do it. May her humility and mine propitiate thee. Be our guest this evening and remain friendly to my house." He next addressed Ezzelin respectfully thanking him for his judgment

and his favor, bowed and led his wife away. But upon the threshold he stopped an instant to inquire of Diana, "In what costume will you appear amoug us to-night that we may recognize you and show you honor?"

She smiled contemptuously and again speaking to Antiope, "I shall come as that which I call myself and which I am. The untouched, the maidenly," she said proudly. Then she repeated, "Antiope remember, come humbly and repentant."

"You mean it honestly, Diana? You have no covert design?" questioned the tyrant when the Pizziguerra was left alone with him.

"None," she replied, disdaining further protestation.

"And what will become of you, Diana?" he asked. "Ezzelin," she answered bitterly, "before this thy judgment-seat, my father has bartered away our honor and right to revenge for a few lumps of metal. I am not worthy to have the sun shine on me. The cell alone remains for such as I am!" And she left the hall.

"Most excellent uncle," said Ascanio

joyfully. You have united the happiest pair in Padua, and converted a tragic drama into a charming idyl, with which I shall entertain my children and grand-children at our hearth fire when I am a venerable old man."

"My nephew! composer of idyls!" said the tyrant with a dash of raillery as he stepped to the window to look down upon the square where the crowd still lingered in feverish curiosity. Ezzelin had given directions to have those leaving the palace before him let out by the back door.

"Paduans," he said in a powerful tone, (the multitude were silent as the desert) I have examined the matter. It was intricate and there was fault on both sides. I have pardoned it, for I am always inclined to mercy when the majesty of the Empire is not concerned. This evening the wedding of Astorre Vicedomini and Antiope Canossa will be celebrated, with masks. I, Ezzelin, give the feast and invite you all. May you enjoy it. I am the host. To you belong street and tavern. But let no one enter, or in any wise endanger the palace of the Vicedomini, else by my hand—and now

return each of you quietly to his home if you love me."

An indistinct murmur arose, it rippled and ran. "How they love you!" joked Ascanio.

Dante paused for breath, then with rapid sentences concluded his story.

The trial being over at mid-day the tyrant rode forth to visit a remote castle which was in process of rebuilding. [He desired and intended to return to Padua early in the evening that he might see Antiope humiliate herself before Diana.

Contrary to all will and foresight, however, he was detained.] A Saracen came galloping after him into the court-yard of the castle, breathless and covered with dust, to deliver a letter by the Emperor's own hand which required immediate answer. The matter was of importance. A short time before, Ezzelin had fallen upon an Imperial stronghold at Ferrara, in the night, the commander of which, a Sicilian, his keen eye suspected of being a traitor. Ezzelin had taken the citadel and put the hypocritical Imperial governor in chains. Now the Hohenstaufen

demanded the reason for this clever but daring infringement on his authority. With his left hand pressed upon his thinking brow Ezze-lin's right glided swiftly over the parchment as his stylus went on from first to second and from second to third. He discussed radically, with his illustrious father-in-law, the aim and possibilities involved in a campaign at that moment impending, or at least planned. Thus the hours sped away and it was only when he remounted his horse that he knew from the aspect of the heavens — for the stars were all out in fullest brilliancy — that it would be impossible to reach Padua before midnight. Leaving his retinue far behind, like a spirit he flew over the nightly plain. But he chose his way and rode cautiously round a small ditch over which the bold horseman on any other day would have thought it play to leap; he would not risk the chance of a fall from the horse which might detain him. Again he spurred on his steed and the racer stretched himself out, but Padua's lights did not yet glimmer through the darkness.

Before the great city castle of the Vice-

domini, even as the twilight melted into the dark of evening the intoxicated people had assembled. Scenes of wanton, unbridled mirth alternated with more innocent sport on this not very large piazza. [A wild passionate merriment, a species of bacchanalian hilarity, seemed fermenting in the dense crowd to which the youths from the High School added an element of wit and derision.] The tumult was now interrupted by a long-drawn-out Cantilene, or kind of litany, such as our country-people used to sing. It was a procession of peasants, old and young, from one of the numerous villages belonging to the Vicedomini. These poor people, who, in their isolation, had heard nothing of the monk's return to the world, but only through uncertain rumor of the espousals of the heir, had started before sunrise with the customary wedding-gifts and after a long day's travel over the dusty highway had just reached their destination. They held together and wound their way slowly through the seething mass of the people in the square; here a curly-haired boy with golden honey-comb, there a shy, proud maiden bearing

tenderly on her arms a bleating lamb, decked out with ribbons. All longed for a sight of their new master.

Little by little they now disappeared in the arched entrance, where to the right and left the torches flaring in the iron rings contended with the last clear light of day. Ascanio, usually so pleasant and friendly, as manager of the feast, issued his commands from the doorway, yelling and screaming in a most excited manner.

From hour to hour the mischievous disposition of the people increased, and to such a pitch, that when, at last, the distinguished masqueraders appeared they were pushed and jostled in every direction without the slightest respect for their rank. The torches were snatched from the hands of their attendants and trodden out on the stone pavement, the ladies separated from their manly escorts and wantonly insulted, with no fear of a dagger-stroke, such as on any other evening would instantly have requited such audacity.

Especially one tall figure in the guise of a Diana had to struggle against a dense ring of low ecclesiastics and schoolboys. A lean

haggard man was parading his mythological knowledge. "Thou art not Diana," he said in a nasal tone, "but quite another person. I recognize thee. Here sits thy little dove!" and he pointed to the silver crescent over the brow of the goddess. She, however, was not gracious like Aphrodite, but harsh like Artemis.

"Away swine," she said, vexed. "I am a true goddess, and abhor ecclesiastics." "Coo, Coo, Coo," said the man and in trying to touch her, uttered a frightful shriek and fell back, and moaning raised his hand. It was pierced through and through, and streaming with blood. The wrathful maiden had put her hand to the quiver at her back. She had stolen it from her brother and with one of his sharp finely cut arrows now chastised the loathsome hand.

[Already, however, the attention of the mob was diverted by another spectacle quite as shocking, if not so bloody.] The lowest and worst portion of the population of the town, pick-pockets, cut-throats, beggars and vagabonds of every description were yelling, whistling, dancing, joking and sneering in

front and behind of a most grotesque-looking pair. A large, wild-looking woman, not without some remnants of beauty was arm in arm with a drunken monk in a tattered cowl. [This was the cloister brother Serapion, who, spurred on by Astorre's example had escaped from his cell by night and for a week had been grovelling in the slums of the city.] The crowd halted before a lighted corner of the palace and in a shrill voice and with gesticulations of a public crier the woman vociferated, [Know all men by these presents that soon the monk Astorre will slumber beside his wife Antiope." Hoarse extravagant laughter attended this announcement.

Gocciola's cap and bells now appeared at the open turret-window. "Good woman, be still!" said the fool in a whining voice, "you wound my educated feelings, and insult my sense of shame."

"Good fool," replied the impudent thing, "don't let this offend you. We give the proper name to what the aristocrats do. We put the labels on the apothecary's boxes."

"By my seven deadly sins," cried Serapion,

exultingly, "so we do; until midnight the marriage of my dear brother shall be proclaimed and sung out in all the squares of Padua. Forward! March! Hey-dey!" and he lifted his naked leg with the sandal, out of the heap of rags, which was all that remained of his soiled monastic dress.

These beastly pranks, added to the infuriated voices mingling in the crowd, beat like a storm upon the outer walls of the gloomy castle whose windows and apartments opened for the most part on the inner court.

In a quiet, secluded chamber Antiope was being dressed and adorned with flowers by her maids, Sotte and one other, whilst Astorre was receiving, at the top of the stairs, the endless swarm of guests.

"Sotte," whispered the bride to her servant who was braiding her hair, "you resemble me, and are just about my size, exchange clothes with me if you love me. Go and draw the ring from her finger repentant and humbly." Bow before the Pizziguerra, with arms crossed, like the veriest slave. Fall upon your knees. Throw yourself on the ground. Make a show of

the most abject contrition, and pain. Only take from her the ring. I will reward you for this service royally. Take all the jewels I possess," she said imploringly. This temptation the vain Sotte could not withstand.]

Astorre, who turned aside a moment from his duty as host to visit his beloved, found the two women exchanging dresses in the chamber. He instantly divined their intention "No, No, Antiope, you must not slip through it in this way," he said. "Our word must be kept. I ask it of your love. I command it!" and even as he hoped to soften the severe word with a kiss and a caress, he was torn away by Ascanio who hastened to explain that his peasants wished to offer him in person their gifts, and without delay, in order that they might start on their homeward journey in the cool of the night. When Antiope looked round in order to return her husband's kiss, she kissed the empty air.

She now hastily completed her toilet. Even the frivolous Sotte was frightened at the pallor of the face reflected in the glass. There was no sign of life in it save the terror in the eyes, and the glistening of the

firmly-set teeth. A red stripe, caused by Diana's blow, was visible upon her white brow.

When at last arrayed, Astorre's wife rose with beating pulse and throbbing temples, and leaving her safe chamber hurried through the halls to find Diana. She was urged on by the excitement of both hope and fear. She would fly back jubilantly, after she had recovered the ring, to meet her husband whom she wished to spare the sight of her humiliation!

Soon among the masqueraders she distinguished the conspicuous figure of the Goddess of the Chase, recognized her enemy and followed, as with measured steps, she passed through the main hall and retired into one of the dimly-lighted small side rooms. It seemed the Goddess desired not public humiliation, but lowliness of heart.

Quickly Antiope bowed before Diana, and forced her lips to utter, "Will you give me the ring?" while she touched the powerful finger.

"Humbly and penitently?" asked Diana. "How else?" the unhappy child said fever-

ishly. "But you trifle with me; cruelly — you have doubled up your finger!"

Whether Antiope imagined it, or whether Diana really was trifling with her, a finger is so easily curved! Cangrande, you have accused me of injustice. I will not decide.

Enough! the Vicedomini raised her willowy figure and with flaming eyes fixed on the severe face of Diana cried out, "Will you torture a wife, maiden?" Then she bent down again and tried with both hands to pull the ring off her finger. Like a flash of lightening a sharp pain went through her.

The avenging Diana, while surrendering to her the left hand, had with the right drawn an arrow from her quiver and plunged it into Antiope's heart. She swayed first to the left, then to the right, turned a little and fell with the arrow still deep in her warm flesh.

The monk, who, after bidding farewell to his rustic guests, hastened back and eagerly sought his wife, found her lifeless. With a shriek of horror he threw himself upon her and drew the arrow from her side, a stream of blood followed. Astorre dropped senseless.

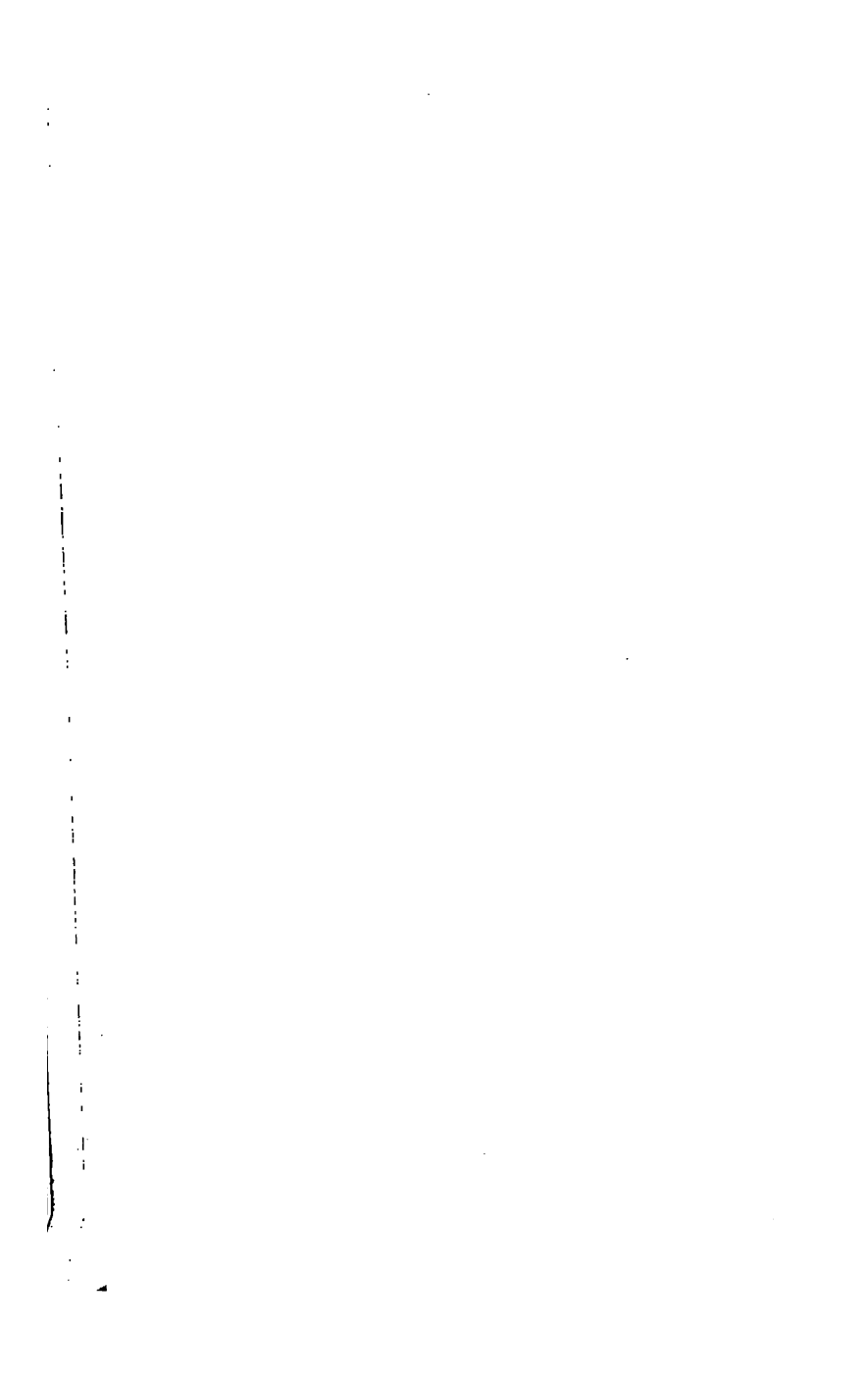
When he recovered from his swoon Germano was standing over him with crossed arms. "Are you the murderer?" asked the monk. "I murder no women," replied the other, sadly. "It is my sister who has demanded justice!"

Astorre groped for the arrow and found it. Springing up with a bound and grasping the long weapon with the bloody point he fell in blind rage upon his old playfellow. The warrior shuddered slightly before the ghastly figure in black with dishevelled hair and crimson-stained arrow in his hand.

He retreated a step. Drawing the short sword which in place of armour he was wearing and warding off the arrow with it, he said compassionately, "Go back to your cloister, Astorre, which you should never have left."

Suddenly he perceived the tyrant, who, followed by the entire company, was just entering the door opposite to them.

Ezzelin stretched out his right hand and commanded peace. Germano dutifully lowered his weapon before his Chief. The infuriated monk seized the moment and

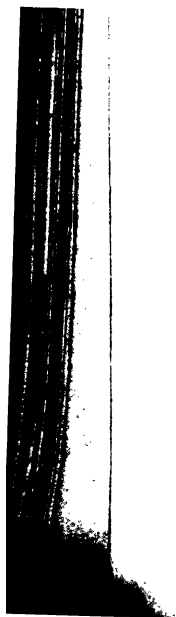


you!" He turned and stepped toward the door, which the page had opened. All eyes followed him, as by the dim light of a flickering torch, he slowly ascended the staircase.

THE END.









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